THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1872. [VOLUME V.—NUMBER 102

Price Five Cents

Fulton Democratic Ticket.

FOR ORDINARY:
DANIEL PITTMAN.
FOR SHERIFF:
A. M. PERKERSON.
FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:
W. R. VENABLE.
FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
C. M. PAYNE.
FOR TAX RECEIVER:
A. G. GRIER.
FOR TAX COLLECTOR:
S. R. HOYLE.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
B. F. WALKER.
FOR CORONER:
WILLIAM KILE.
[ELECTION JANUARY 1]

ATLANTA, GA., NOVEMBER 13, 1872

From Our Evening Edition of Yesterday.

☞ *An Interesting Reading on Fourth Page.*

JAPAN GOODS.—The auction of those beautiful goods at the Live Auction House of T. C. Mayson was attended by a large number of ladies and gentlemen. Many ingenius and exquisite articles were sold.

Summary of State News

SAVANNAH.

An effort is being made in Savannah to organize another military company to be known as Savannah Cadets, company B. African managers, at an election down the river below Savannah, forwarded as their election returns a notched shingle in lieu of a tally sheet. Mr. Valentine Grest, of Liberty county, died on Sunday morning. Savannah has just received her first shad. Anderson, the Wizard of the North, assisted by his two daughters, will visit Savannah on the 15th inst. There are thirty-two citizens of Macon and vicinity summoned to be and appear at the United States Circuit Court in Savannah, on Wednesday. The entire Macon bar has volunteered its services to defend the prisoners.—*Savannah News.*

On the 9th inst., in Savannah, was committed a Federal outrage. There was a United States raid. Election managers were seized, city magistrates were arrested and there was foul play. Upon complaint of a negro, Dr. Benjamin Sheftall was arrested first. After him magistrates J. McPherson Berrien, S. Elsinger, J. M. Marsh, C. Lamotte, Levi Hart and freeholders C. C. Casey, J. R. Hamlet, M. T. Quman, Dr. Fallgant and J. T. Watts. These gentlemen were arrested upon the ground that they made a fradulent and false certificate as to the result of the election. They gave bonds of $2,000 each for their appearance at the United States Circuit Court now in session in Savannah.—*Savannah Adeertiser.*

MACON.

A slight accident took place on the Macon and Brunswick Railroad on the 9th. One car of the passenger train flew the track, and we understood from some of the workmen that the conductor, Mr. Merrible, had his leg broken. No other damage done except the smashing of one car. Captain H. C. Westcott, who was arrested charged with violating the Enforcement Act, had a hearing before Commissioner Swayze's on Saturday, and there being no evidence upon which to convict, the warrant was dismissed.—*Macon Enterprise.*

BAINBRIDGE.

Improvements are going on in our city. There are no less than five large stores being erected at this time. Mr. Benjamin Maxwell, of this county is dead. Considerable money changed hands in Bainbridge over the result of the election between Wright and Whitely. Louis Robb, captured a wild cat on Friday which measured four feet from tip to tip.—*Weekly Sun.*

CONYERS.

Conyers has a restaurant. A new paper will be issued in Conyers the first of January. The house and furniture of John Beard, a few miles from Conyers was consumed by fire on Thursday. Mr. Veal's house in the same neighborhood, was burned one day this week.—*Conyers Examiner.*

South Carolina.

Charleston has a three legged rooster.

North Carolina carried off the premium for the best sample of cotton at the South Carolina State Fair.

The unloading of the animals belonging to Old John Robinson's Circus and Menagerie was the attraction in Columbia on the 10th.

The loss by the fire in Boston is about $15,000,000 more than the valuation of the whole property in South Carolina upon which the present taxes are based.

Judge Maher, Judge of the First Judicial Circuit, has decided that a witness can claim only $1.50 per day while detained at court, no matter how many cases he may be a witness in.

Personal and Other Items.

Matilda Heron is fitting pupils for the stage.

Bret Harte will fill Mark Twain's lecture engagements.

It is stated that there are large numbers of counterfeit postage stamps in circulation.

General Terry or E. R. S. Canby, will be appointed Major General in place of General Meade.

Cod fishing off the Banks is said to be excellent this year, but the herring fishing is a failure.

Boston has three Churches, respectively 120, 140 and 150 years old, which have remained unaltered since they were built.

Scientific and Curious Facts.

In every piano there are fifteen kinds of wood. In this combination are elasticity, strength, pliability, toughness, resonance, lightness, durability and beauty are individual qualities, and the general result is voice, by the metals, iron, steel, brass, white metal, gun metal and lead. In an instrument of seven and a half octaves, there are seven hundred and eighty seven feet of steel wire.

The transmission of sound through solid metallic tubs is so perfect that conversation has been maintained at a low tone between the ends of one of the Paris waterpipes, 3,120 feet long.

☞ "I TOLD YOU SO" IN NEW YORK.—This very sagacious personage was, it seems visible in New York the day after the election, as well as in every other localities. The New York Express thus chronicles his saying, and doing in that city:

"I TOLD YOU SO"

is a busy, lively, and happy fellow to-day. Either voting the Bourbon ticket outright, as a few did, or remaining at home and not voting, as thousands did, he is as lively as a cricket to-day, and as happy as a clam at high water, and everywhere saying "I told you so." So you did, my dear fellow, and helped to prove your prophecy history from the start. You were, indeed, a true prophet, and as much so as the fellow who predicted that his neighbor's crockery would be smashed, and then went to work and broke it. It is easy to make history after this fashion, but such prophets of the opposition should not boast too much of the work of their own hands. "I told you so" because very strong after the October election, and, clothed in damp blankets and a heavy dew, went about spreading a wet cloud over the land. He is jolly to-day, and as ready as every no doubt, to make history for the future.

☞ In person General Meade was tall, and in manner dignified. His appearance was grave, almost austere. That he was a soldier the plainest civilian's dress could not conceal, and that he was a man of distinction was obvious to all observers.

☞ Rhoda Broughton is the coming British novelist. Justin McCarthy says she is "a clever, witty, and somewhat spoiled Irish girl, who tells all her tales like 'good-by, sweetheart,' of young women rampant with love."

WOODHULL & CLAFLIN.

They Cave and Beg for Mercy

Their Victim.

From the New York Herald.]

The Assistant District Attorney stated that Mr. Challis had shown, thus far, good faith and a determination to continue the prosecution to its end. His going to the prison was not until after two messages had been sent to him by the fair prisoners asking from him and his counsel. Miss Tennie C. Claffin had first sent her aged mother to the broker with a request that he call at the cell of her daughter in the Ludlow Street Jail at a certain time on a certain afternoon, and a second time had commissioned her sister, Mrs. Miles, with a similarly touching message. Mr. Challis, under advice of his lawyers, at length consented to comply with the requests that he had received, and with them he proceeded to the gloomy dungeon of the unfortunate sisters. The party were received with the warmth of desperation, and the fair martyrs of "a rotten society" went down on their knees, and between sobs and tears begged the complainant that he would retract his charges upon their consenting to deny the slanders which they had uttered against him. These circumstances had been prevaricated and falsely stated by the prisoners' counsel.

MR. CHALLIS,

after the decision of Judge Fowler, was in consultation with his counsel, Mr. Knox, in a room attached to the Police Court, and was a little later here seen by the Herald representative. His whole manner was manly and candid, and speedily disarmed cynicism by cresting in its stead a strong sympathetic impulse. In personal appearance Mr. Challis is very prepossessing, has a fine, intellectually formed head and a clear honest eye. He is quite bald, but his mostache and whiskers are luxuriant, and his color fresh and warm. His excitement regarding the present case is very intense, and his determination to punish

THE ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO SLAUGHTER HIS REPUTATION

is bitterly sincere and is not of the sort that will accept cheap pacification. He feels keenly the unpleasantness of the publicity which has been forced upon him, and most of all the position in which it places him in the eyes of his friends and of society, although not the least evidence may really be given to the wild slanders that have been uttered by the Mesdames Woodhull & Claflin.

"He who steals my purse, steals trash; 'tis something, nothing;
'Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been slave to thousands;
But he who filches from me my good name
Robs me of that which not enriches him, and makes me poor indeed."

Mr. Challis, in righteous resentment, says that he will press his cause to the utmost, and although he has been informed that the attack upon him is incited and paid for by old enemies, fellow-brokers and merchants, he yet has assurances from hundreds of gentlemen of family and position of their earnest support and sympathy. It is whispered that the Claflin sisters intend to make "a clean breast of it" in order to lift all blame from the shoulders of Colonel Blood and set him at liberty, doubtless with the hope that he he can aid them a great deal in getting rid of their present trouble.

HAIR-TRIGGER TALK.

Gen. N. B. Forrest's Card in Answer to Gen. Hammond, of Missouri.

From the Memphis Appeal, November 7.]

MEMPHIS, November 1, 1872.

Editor Appeal: I have received a copy of the Daily Journal of Commerce, published at Kansas City, Mo., of date of October 18th, ultimo, in which there is an abstract of a speech delivered at that place on the previous night by a person who claims to be or is styled "General" Hammond. In that speech this "General" Hammond makes against me the following accusation:

"In Alabama, the heavy debt was contracted by Democrats, the Legislature of that State having appropriated three hundred thousand dollars more bonds than was voted to the Alabama and Chattanooga, of which General Forrest, the Fort Pillow notable, is President.

"Of the bond steal charged to General Grant in the Selma, Marion and Memphis Railroad, it is positively known to rest with Genarel Forest, who appropriated to himself three million dollars of these bonds."

Now, the whole of this statement is absolutely and unqualified by false. I was never President of the railroad first referred to, to-wit: the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad; never had aught to do with its affairs; never controlled its bonds, and by no manner of means could have furnished one particle of foundation for the wilful slander contained in that accusation.

I am President of the Selma, Marion and Memphis Railroad, and I have received in this capacity the indorsement of the State of Alabama on the bonds of this road to the amount of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Of these I have sold bonds to the amount of five hundred thousand dollars, and hold the balance. I have succeeded in building fifty miles of road and running daily trains over that distance.

I have expended in this construction within the State of Alabama one and a half million of dollars, making three dollars expended for one that has been received from the sale of the indorsed bonds.

And the banking house through which my negotiations have been conducted, being Messrs. Henry Clewes & Co., the special financial and political friends of Gen. Grant, I refer to them for the accuracy of the above statement. Hammond, who prefixes "General" to his name, doubtless considered it of small moment to slander and villify a man, since character with him, doubtless, is a matter of indifference. And it is evident he does not take truth into consideration.

Besides, it is very safe to make such charges with the difference between Memphis and Kansas City intervening, and with the "General" safety may be an object.

This is not the first time I have been personally traduced by persons who bear the title of Federal officers; and on a former occasion I have branded such charges in such terms (if there had been proper military courage to back up an insult) as afforded ample opportunity to my assailants.

I now propose to offer the same opportunity to General Hammond, to whom I desire to address myself in plain and unmistakable terms, not stronger than the imputation upon me deserves, but so plain that his understanding of my meaning and purpose cannot be at fault. He is a liar, (I can use no other language to one so base,) a cowardly puppy and a scoundrel. If he owns the title of General in the Federal army he disgraces it; and if I have anything like justice and fair dealing at the hands of the journal that published his unprovoked and wanton outrage upon me, this brand of liar, coward and scoundrel will spread as far as his slander and hve longer. That he may be assured of my willingness to bear from him, he is notified that a letter addressed to me at Memphis will meet with attention. N. B. FORREST.

What Mr. Beecher Said About the Woodhull & Claflin Affair.

Augustus Walters writes to the Newark Evening Courier:

Never did Mr. Beecher appear so grand to me as on the occasion of my recent visit. In referring to the Woodhull outrage, I venture to express my deep sympathy, whereupon, with a quiet uplifting of his lion-head, he remarked, "My dear friend, I do not need any sympathy." Afterward he remarked he felt troubled for his friends, because they were troubled; but as for himself, his life for twenty-five years in Plymouth Church must be his only defense. It would be impossible to describe my feelings on leaving the presence of Mr. Beecher on this occasion. The majestic preacher could not bend so low as to notice Mrs. Woodhull until I remarked that the woman was undoubtedly insane; and then, with the kindliest of smiles, he replied: "I believe so, too. At any rate, I can only wish people better minds." The first thing I said on approaching him was, "Of course, Mr. Beecher, this thing is a fraud from beginning to end?" To which he replied, with an indescribable motion of the head, "Entirely." In fact he made me feel that I had never before realized the potency and comprehensiveness of that word.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

THE BOSTON FIRE.

The Most Terrible Scenes Ever Witnessed.

Thirty Lives Known to Have Been Lost.

Its Effects on Insurance Companies and the Commercial Trade.

An Incendiary Hung in Boston.

Preparations for New Buildings.

Interesting Matters from the Metropolis.

A Negro Raper Hung in Kentucky.

The Horse Disease Increasing in Cincinnati.

Financial and Commercial.

Associated Press Dispatches.]

MASSACHUSETTS.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

WORCESTER, November 13.—The People's Insurance Company loss half a million. The policies called in for cancillation. The Bay State Insurance Company loosing a quarter of a million has suspended, and other Companies in this city continue.

THE BOSTON FIRE.

BOSTON, November 11, Midnight.—Steam engines are busy to-night playing on the debris. All the streets leading thereto are strictly guarded. Although the city is dark and gloomy, there being no gas, large crowds hover in the vicinity of the ruins.

Buyers who appeared here yesterday were cheerfully given all the credit they asked for.

The streets are now perfectly quiet. Two hundred and fifty mounted soldiers patrol the streets, and no one not having official authority from the Commandant are permitted to pass the line of infantry. One man who attempted to enter a store, and who refused to leave after being repeatedly ordered away, started to run when about to be arrested, and was shot by one of the guards.

Extensive lines of hose are stretched all over the ruins, and engines stationed at almost every hydrant, ready at a moment's notice to be worked should occasion should require it.

At points where persons were known to have been buried in the ruins, the debris is being cooled with water preparatory to digging out the corpses of the victims.

Of the immense pits of coal at the Russian wharf, about 500 tons are still on fire. The city authorities have granted to dry goods merchants, the privilege of using the common as repository for such of their property as is saved, and to erect shanties and other structures for temporary use.

Three men discovered in the attempt to break into a room in the Porter House made their escape.

It is rumored that a drunken wretch late in the evening attempted to set fire to a gas house near Charlestown bridge, and was seized by an infuriated crowd and unceremoniously hung up to a lamp post.

Three men were buried under a falling wall on Washington street, leaving their heads only visible. Efforts were made to rescue them from the horrible position, but in a few moments after the remainder of the wall fell, crushing and burying them from sight.

It is estimated that nearly 10,000 girls will be thrown out of employment by the fire.

It is known that thirty lives have been lost.

Detachments of the first and second regiments are quartered in the old South Church. This building has not been thus used since the British officers were quartered there in the revolution one hundred and fifty years ago.

Six men were arrested this morning in the northern part of the city caught in the act of firing buildings by kindling box fires. The streets are patrolled by Federal soldiers.

NEW YORK.

ROBBERY.

NEW YORK, November 12.—Smith & Wesson's pistol agency was robbed of three thousand dollars.

BOSTON FIRE.

Papers here take a more cheerful view as to the results, financially and otherwise, of the Boston fire. In the shoe and leather trade there is a prevailing impression that no harmful results to the trade can follow as prices were at very low point before the fire.

Several Boston men are already here who have bought new stock and will rebuild immediately in wool trade. It is stated that none of the New York houses are disastrously affected. The actual sufferers will be the public at large, as all kinds of woolen goods will be advanced in price, it is expected, from thirty to forty per cent.

Several New York firms are congratulating themselves upon the necessary deflection of the wool trade from Boston to New York.

Several New York detectives have gone to Boston to aid the authorities there in arresting New York thieves.

The Bulletin says of the wool market that dealers here recently sold heavily to Boston merchants, but the wool is still mostly held here or is in transit, thus escaping destruction. Only a small amount of Boston paper on account of wool transactions is held here, and no fears are entertained here that other than an extension of time will be necessary on the maturing bills. A partial suspension of the wool trade for a week is expected, until insurance balances are perfected, when the market will be more active than before the fire.

In the dry goods trade, some paper says there is much confusion and uncertainty, owing to the non-reception of letters from Boston, but great uneasiness is manifested. In the hide and leather trade there is an entire absence of any panicky feeling, and the general impression is that the market will simply remain steady. In the boot and shoe trade no crisis is anticipated, the sentiment being that all Boston dealers are in good standing, and only an extension of time will be necessary.

ILLINOIS.

TO BE SENT TO THE HUB.

CHICAGO, November 12.—One hundred thousand dollars, unexpended from the charity of the world, has been directed to be sent to Boston.

A NEGRO RAPER HUNG.

CAIRO, November 12.—An unknown negro raper has been taken from the Blandville, Ky., jail and hung.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, November 12.—The horse disease is increasing hourly. It is thought that by to-morrow all the work horses in the city will be disabled.

TENNESSEE.

COTTON ORDERS COUNTERMANDED.

MEMPHIS, November 12.—The Boston fire had a marked effect on business. All cotton orders have been countermanded.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 11.—Cotton steadier; middling uplands 19; Orleans 19½; sales 1,317 bales.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and steady. Corn a shade firmer. Pork dull at $15 75a16 12½. Lard quiet, steam 8¼a8¾. Turpentine dull 62½a63c. Rosin firm at $4 40 for strained. Freights quiet.

Stocks excited. Money firm at 7. Gold steady at 12¾. Exchange—long 8¾; short 10¾. Governments dull but steady. State bonds quiet.

LIVERPOOL, November 12, noon.—Cotton opened heavy; middling uplands 9¾; Orleans 10a10¼. Bombay shipments to the 11th, since last report, 1,000.

LATER.—Cotton closed heavy; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and exports 2,000. Uplands for January 9 9-16.

Breadstuffs dull. Red winter wheat 11s 4d. Flour 28s 6d. Corn 26s@28s 3d.

LONDON, November 12.—Consols 92, 5s 88.

LATER.—Consols 92½, 5s 88¾.

PARIS, November 12.—Rentes 73f. 77c.

LATER.—Rentes 73f. 80c.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, Nov. 12, 1 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—This morning cloudy and rather warm. The tone of the market for leading commodities underwent no change to-day, and sales were of limited magnitude.

GRAIN.—Corn is in moderate demand for old at quotations. Oats in good stock and sales moderate. Transactions in wheat small. The grocery trade has been steady, with fair demand from the neighboring towns.

COTTON market steady at 16½a16¾.

FINANCIAL.—We quote money at 1¼ per month. Gold buying 111; selling at 113 Silver buying at 105; selling at 108.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 75a77; 7s 83a84, new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 73a75; 8s 83a85. Augusta 85a88. Georgia Railroad stock 94a96, Georgia Railroad bonds 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 90a92; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock 93a95. Atlanta National Bank stock 120.

PRINTS.—Wamsutta 9; Bedford 9; Amoskeag 10a10½; Arnold 10; Albions 11½; Spragues 11½; Richmond 11½; Dunnells 11½.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 11; Trion, 7-8, 11; Augusta 7-8, 11; Graniteville, 4-4, 12½; Trion, 4-4, 12½; Augusta, 4-4, 12½; Graniteville, 8-4 9; Augusta, 8-4, 9; light osnaburgs 14; heavy osnaburgs 16c; Yarns $1 65. Boswell shirtings, 7-8, 11; 4-4, 12½.

BEEF.—Buying prices, gross, from 2a4 cents.

BEEF CATTLE.—Buying prices, gross 3a4½; net 6a9.

MUTTON.—Buying prices, gross 3½a4½; net 10c.

HOGS.—Buying prices, gross 5½; net 8c.

FRESH MEATS.—Dressed beef by the side, per pound, 6a8; retail 10a15. Mutton, whole, dressed 10a12½, retail 10a15. Hogs, dressed, 8; retail 10a12½. Veal, dressed, 10; retail 12½a15. Corned beef in kegs 12½; retail 12½.

SAUSAGES.—Linked, fresh, wholesale 15; retail 17a20; linked, smoked 15; retail 20 Sausages in 50 lb cans, green, 15. Bologna, smoked, in bags, 15; retail 20a25. Hogshead cheese, wholesale 15; retail 20. Blood pudding 15; retail 20. Liver pudding, wholesale 15; retail 20.

BUTCHER'S MEATS.—Retail prices.—Corned beef in kegs 12½c; spiced 15c; hogs 8c; mutton 10a12½c; veal 10c; Sausages 15a17c; soup bone 10a25c.

BACON.—We quote shoulders 8; clear sides 11½; clear rib sides 12; country hams 12½a13; S. C. hams 19a21; plain canvass hams 15

BULK MEATS.—Shoulders 7½; C. R. sides new meat 10c, clear sides 10½; long clear sides 10½a10¾.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 13½; cans, 12 tierces, 10½a10¾.

FLOUR.—Fancy $10 25; extra family $9 50; family $8 50; superfine $7 50

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 90; yellow and mixed—none. Wheat best quality $2; red wheat $1 80a1 90. Oats 55a65. Rye 1 15a1 20. Barley $1 10a$1 15.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 14½. Coffee A 13½a13¾; for Extra C 13; Yellow C 12½. Brown 11½a13. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt $2 20; Virginia salt $2. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7c per box Georgia Soap Factory—5a7c per pound Candles—full weights 21a21½. Ginger 18a20 Pepper 25a28. Corn meal 87a90. Starch 6a10 Rice 9¼ for tierces. Java Coffee 27a30. Rio 20a24. New Orleans syrup 70a75; Molasses—hhds. 26; bbls. 30. Cheese, factory 17a18.

FISH.—Mackerel, No. 3, bbls., $10 50; No. 2, half bbls., $6 50; No. 3, half bbls., $5 50; No. 1, kits, $1 65; No. 2, kits, $1 50; No. 3, kits $1 25.

BAGGING AND TIES.—Gunny 15; magnolia and other Western brands 16; double anchor and Ludlow 18. Ties 9a10. These prices are shaded to the trade.

HAY.—Western timothy $37a38; Tennessee $30a35.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 25; chickens 22½a25; country butter 20a25.

IRON.—Tire 1 1-2 inches to 4 by 1 1-2, $6; smaller sizes 50 cts advance. Rod, 12c.

STEEL.—Solid cast steel railroad 18c; cast steel 22c.

COAL.—Anthracite, $14 per ton; per bushel, 60c; East Tennessee Bituminous 33 1-3 in yard; car load 28.

TOBACCO.—Low grades, sound dark, 45a 48, low grades, sound mahogany, 50a52, medium 60a65, medium bright 65a70, good bright 65a80; favorite brands of fine 90a $1 10. Trade pretty good.

NAILS.—Per keg, 10d to 60d, $6 25; 3d, $6 50; 6d, $6 75; 4d, $7; 3d, $8 25; fine, $9 75 finishing, different kinds of corresponding numbers, 75c on above prices.

LEATHER.—Calf skins—domestic 30a42 per dozen; French 45a$56. Harness leather 38a45c per pound; sole leather 27a33½; oak 28a30c; split 40c; kips, country, 45a60c per pound.

POWDER AND SHOT.—Blasting powder $5; rifle powder per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; half kegs $4; quarter kegs $2 25. Patent shot bag $3; buck $2 20.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Retail from Stores: Sweet Potatoes $1 00 per bushel. Table Peas $1 25. Turnips 10c per bunch. Onions 80c per peck. Irish potatoes 40c per peck; $1 50 per bushel. Apples 40c per peck; $1 50 per bushel. Northern Sweets 75a$1 00 per bushel. Cabbage 10a25c a piece. Dressed chickens, retail, 40a50c per pound; turkeys 22a25c per pound. Chestnuts—buying prices $3 00 per bushel, from wagons.

HAT EMPORIUM

THE undersigned has just opened and offers to the public, a new and well selected stock of

Hats, Furs, etc.,

SUITABLE FOR THE

Fall and Winter Trade

at prices that will suit the closest buyers. Call and examine.

JOHN A. DOANE,
1 Whitehall street, Johns' Bank Block.
oct8-2tm

MRS. J. E. LOOMIS, M. D.,

GRADUATE of Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College, would respectfully solicit a share of the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity. Can be found at the residence of Mrs. Loomis, on Forsyth street, in the rear of Mrs. Hughes', and on the East by lands of H. Ramey.

Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney, and will sell the same at public auction, at the court house, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in December Next,

between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, November 2, 1872.

WILLIAM M. SMYTH,
United States Marshal.
nov4-dawtd

THE GENUINE

STANARD SCALES.

More than 250 Different Modifications
Agents also for the Best Alarm Money Drawer.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
166 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
58 Camp Street, New Orleans.

FAIRBANKS & EWING,
715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
118 Milk Street, Boston.

For sale by leading Hardward Dealers.
sep17—d3tawtsn

TO RENT,

THREE OR FOUR NICE COTTAGES.

Apply to A. R CULBERSON,
oct3—dtf Attorney.

Notice to Passengers.

Western & Atlantic Railroad COMPANY.

ON and after October 23d, 1872, Fare Paid on Train is

One-half Cent per Mile

more than when Tickets are bought of the Agents

E. B. WALKER,
Master Transportation.

R. W. WRENN,
General Ticket and Passenger Agent.
oct23—oct18-dim

CAMPBELL HOUSE,

On Corner of Decatur and Ivy Streets,

Within 100 Yards of Passenger Depot.

MRS. ECCLES calls the attention of the public to this house under her charge.

Transient Board, $3 00 per day. Sing'e Meal 50 cents. Lodging 50 cents. $10 00 each per month for Board and Lodging when two occupy a room: $25 00 per month, for one only. nov10—d1m

FOR SALE,

FOUR VALUABLE FARMS.

I AM offering for sale Four Valua le Farms on reasonable terms. They are located within two or three miles of the city limits.

The above lands are admirably situated to truck growing, gardening or dairy purposes. To parties with limited capital I offer great inducements. I will divide the land to suit, and will give time on two-fourths of the purchase money. I also offer a number of beautifully located lots in West End, near the intersection of Broad Railroad. Several of these lots have brick cottages on them and the others level or are improved.

The above property will be sold on reasonable terms, but one-fourth being required in Cash. Capitalists and those desiring property of this description will find it to their advantage to call on me before purchasing elsewhere.

RUSH IRWIN
nov9-d1m

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Col. T. A. Whitney, Morris A. Gee, and Henry B. Bacon, in the Milling business, under the firm name of

J. E. WHITNEY & CO.,

has this day been dissolved by the withdrawal of Mr. Bacon.

The business will be continued by J. E. Whitney and M. A. Gee under the old name, "J. E. WHITNEY & CO." J. E. Whitney succeeding all the capital, will, as heretofore have the exclusive management of the business, and the sole right to sign the firm name in liquidation of any matter of partnership.

J. E. WHITNEY,
M. A. GEE.
nov9-3tawtw

Divorced.

MY FRIENDS and former patrons will please to take notice that I am not now in any way connected with the "Franklin Printing House," which was established by W. A. Hemphill & Co., to run their SECRETARY. THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE is well adapted for all kinds of work in the line of Book and Printing fine, and I would be glad to have the favor of my friends to follow me.

WM. R. VENABLE.

FOR RENT,

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PUBLIC SALE

OF THE

BRUNSWICK AND ALBANY RAILROAD,

240 MILES LONG.

—IN—

BRUNSWICK, GEORGIA,

ON THE

First Tuesday in January, 1873.

UNDER, and by virtue of a verdict, decree and judgment, of the Superior Court of Glynn county, Ga., rendered in a case of a Bill in Equity filed in said Court at the instance of Rufus B. Bullock, Governor, James Mellaon & Co., M. L. Atkins & Co., et al. vs The Brunswick and Albany Railroad Company, et al. the undersigned Commissioners, appointed in said decree for that purpose, will, on the first Tuesday in January, 1873, offer and expose for sale, before the Court House door, in the city of Brunswick, and county of Glynn, in the State of Georgia, within the legal hours for Sheriff sales, to the highest and best bidder, the

Brunswick & Albany Railroad,

extending from the Harbor of Brunswick, to the city of Eufaula, in the State of Alabama—a distance of 240 miles; together with all of its right of way, real estate, equipments, engines, cars, depot buildings and every species of property, and right of property, both Real and Personal, belonging to said Company, with all its

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The road is complete and in good running order from Brunswick to, or near Albany, a distance of one hundred and seventy miles, or thereabouts, with Engines, Cars, and other necessary Equipments, together with about fifty miles nearly completed, and ready for the Track, between Albany and Eufaula, with about three miles of iron laid. The Track from Brunswick to Albany is laid with first-class new and heavy T Rail, (mostly English,) the greater portion Flesh-Bar. The iron supposed to be worth about $1,750,000.

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nov7-d1tawtd1m1m

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sept1—3m

Administrator's Sale.

THE personal property of the estate of Benjamin Little deceased, will be sold at his late residence on McDonough street, in the city of Atlanta, in Fulton county, Georgia, on Friday the 15th day of this month, consisting of Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Corn, Fodder, Wheat, Seed Cotton, farming implements, household and kitchen furniture, etc., etc. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. A. M. Terms Cash.

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November 4th, 1872—nov6-3tds

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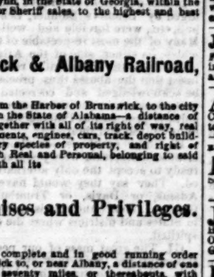

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DEFIES REFUTATION.

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to The Constitution exclusively, by the reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1872.

Decisions.

The decisions of the Supreme Court are now ready. Most important ones were rendered at the term just closed. Send in your orders. $1 per pamphlet.

☞ The cotton mills of the South consumed last year 120,000 bales of cotton. In 1870 their consumption amounted to 91,000, and in 1869 to 80,000 bales. This is the right way for our King to assert his supremacy.

☞ The paragraph sent by the Associated Press about the Tribune promising to help Grant in all proper reforms, which furnished our neighbor the Sun a text for so many astounding paragraphs taunting the Democracy appears to have been rather garbled. It reads thus in the original:

For whatever reform he may give us, he shall have from the Tribune cordial recognition and praise—where he falls short, he shall have, in the future as in the past, frank and fearless criticism. And, while there are dangerous tendencies developed by this canvass, which foreshadow a government by the rich and able few, shielding and controlling such portion as they may require of the ignorant, penniless, venal many, let us never despair of the American Republic!

No thrashing in to Grant's support in this.

More of Grant's Grace in Georgia by Farrow.

Savannah is having another installment of Grant's grace through Farrow. The object of this new fuss is to seat Sloan, the Radical candidate for Congress in the First district, as the following from an editorial letter to the Macon Telegraph and Messenger would indicate:

On dit—a gentleman of Baker county, who was present in the Custom-house yesterday during a conference between Akerman, Atkins, Bryant, etc., heard them say that no matter what the majority of Rawls in this district might be, Sloan, the Radical nominee, would certainly be seated. And so we go. Minorities rule majorities; negro suffrage is made to override intelligence and worth; and Nothern sectional hate riots in the humiliation and ruin of a conquered and oppressed people.

The Radical journal in Savannah in its last issue makes the following threat under the caption, "A Word to Democrats:"

"You know that Andrew Sloan has been fairly elected, but you intend to count him out. We warn you to beware. If you count him out, we shall contest the election. We will unearth all of your villainies, and send some of your scoundrels to the Penitentiary. Now go ahead, and see if you do not get enough of fraud before we are done with you?"

The persecution under this programme has begun. Dr. Sheffall, one of the election managers, was arrested and bound over for refusing to take the vote of a negro who had already voted.

The Board having thrown out some illegal votes, were arrested under the 23d section of the election act. They are magistrates, J. McP. Berrien, Isaac Russell, S. Elsinger, C. O. Lamotte, J. M. Marsh, Levi S. Hart and freeholders C. C. Casey, J. R. Hamlet, L. N. Falligant and M. T. Qunan.

They were arrested at dusk Saturday night and required to furnish bail immediately or go to jail. They were required to give bail $2,500 each and pay the extortionate fees of $8 30.

Commissioner Stone and Attorney General Farrow were the chief agents in this proceeding. The News says:

So totally unexpected was this arbitrary action in arresting and carrying respectable citizens through the street at night, in a drizzling rain, as though they were some desperate malefactors, that many of them had not the opportunity of sending for bail.

Commissioner Stone pocketed nearly $80 in fees out of the transaction. This is the individual haul. If Sloan is forced into Congress that will be the political gain at the cost of personal persecution.

Bergh.

The curiosities of human action are varied. The novel directions taken by human philanthropy especially are worthy of notice. Of all the eccentricities that mark the manifestations of kindness, we know of nothing to exceed in strangeness that of the noted Mr. Bergh, of New York, who has devoted his life to the prevention of cruelty to animals. Of large wealth, and thus placed above the necessities of labor, this gentleman has directed the energies of an unusually active will and the powers of a very clever brain, as well as the outlay of a liberal income, to an unceasing attention to the comfort and welfare of dumb animals.

Overlooking the realms of human misery that so profusely and urgently invite the charities of wealth and the humanities of philanthropy, this odd individual spends his days in a bold, active crusade to stop unkindness to brutes. He has organized a society to carry out his views on a larger scale than he individually can do. He is the self-constituted champion of spavined, horses and over-worked mules. Pigeon shooting matches and savage dog fights evoke the tenderest ebullitions of his practical humanity. Does an omnibus horse cave under the tyranny of heavy loads, Bergh is at hand to take up his case and haul to taw the cruel driver. Does a street car animal wheeze with the epizootic Bergh appears to stop his use and send him to the stable for rest and care.

The papers ridicule him and the victims of his interference law him in vindication of their sovereign right to use their property as they please, but the intrepid and tender-hearted and invincible Bergh stands to his cause, and battles on still for his speechless proteges. Nothing can daunt him. The glory of rescuing a persecuted brute from human cruelty rewards his generous soul.

What a magnificent chance for his kindness our old fashioned gander-pullings would have presented. The ecstacy that he would have experienced in clutching a doomed duck from the torturing festivities of an enthusiastic mob of gander-pullers cannot be computed.

It is a strange direction for his brimming sympathies to take. Yet it is also laudable. Overlooking the ludicrous features, one must at least feel that such a life as his and such a use of his wealth is far better than a career of idleness or mere pleasure.

He follows a pure aim resolutely. And it is a noble thing for men to do that.

So, much honor to qualnt, eccentric, sympathetic old Bergh, the champion of oppressed brutes.

The Macon and Knoxville Road.—We were honored with a call on yesterday from Colonel Wm. K. de Graffenried, the President of the Macon and Knoxville road. In the course of conversation he informed us that the road had been put under contract, and that within a short time the work would be commenced and pursued with vigor. As the contemplated road will form an important link in shortening communication between the seaboard and the West, our people will be gratified to know that all necessary financial arrangements have been made to secure its construction.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

Tennessee.

Governor Brown has been re-elected in Tennessee by some five or six thousand majority. Horace Maynard, the Radical candidate for Congressman at large, beats Cheatham, the regular Democratic candidate by about 10,000 majory, and Andy Johnson, the independent Democrat, by 30,000 majority. All the counties are not heard from, but the rest will not change the result, or even vary it materially.

The aggregate vote for Congressmen is somewhere near 166,000, of which Maynard gets 69,000, Cheatham 59,000, and Johnson 38,000, in round numbers. This puts the Democratic vote at 96,000, uniting Johnson's and Cheatham's votes. Thus it will be seen that the united Democratic vote could easily have elected Cheatham, the regular Democratic nominee. Andy Johnson's indendent candidacy, therefore, by dividing the Democratic vote secured Maynard's election and a Radical success.

This unpleasant result puts the final damper on Johnson's political career. His prestige is broken, and in a bad cause. He gleaned scarcely a third of the Democratic vote. He threw himself into a contest from personal resentment and aspiration, when every impulse of patriotism impelled him to stand to the party nomipation. He trusted to his former popularity and wonderful power on the stump to win a victory, that if won would have been one of the most extraordinary on record.

The defeat settles the great commoner's hash, we think. To be defeated is a rude dissipation of his supposed invincibility before the people. But to be defeated in the role of a disorganizer, and have his attempted trouble result in saddling on the State such a thing as Maynard as its Representative in Congress presents an unforgivable offense.

There is much in Johnson to admire. He is a rough stone, but has many of the gleams of the pure diamond in him. His remarkable ascendancy for so long a period of public affairs, and his prominent connection with public events so conspicuously, show no common character. Rugged and strong, the man lacks symmetry and tact. With large brains and stern will, possessing remarkable earnestness, and understanding well the secret spring of common popular action, because he sprang from the mud-sills, he lacks the catholicity and breadth that culture and education alone can give. The nicer shades of sentiment whether in taste, honor, or duty, Johnson can not take in. He is rough and unmalleable in all things. His very honesty is of the rugged sort, dealing in no nice phases, but of that blunt, aggressive character, that loses half its charm from its rudeness.

One thing about Johnson we have ever held in esteem. The man's irrepressible devotion to the Constitution has had in it something of the heroic as well as the true. The man who can so cling to his faith has a great deal that is grand in his nature.

But Johnson is defeated. And we are glad of it. He went down under the strokes he sought, with no cause for seeking them. Reckless of the public good, he grasped at the baton of power in pure personal caprice, not caring whether his effort injured the people who had so lavishly honored him. Under self-fancied wrongs he sought office upon the ruins of his party, and at the palpable hazard of evil to his State.

He is down, as all men should be who run his role. Let us hope that independents and disorganizers everywhere will meet his fate. And he carries with him to his disagreeable and forced retirement the unpleasant consciousness of forfeited popularity and the execration of a majority of his party.

The Atlanta Constitution and Mr. Stephens' Inconsistency.

Some of our readers may be curious to know if our neighbor, The Constitution, has made any rejoinder to our vindication, on the 5th instant, against its charge of a few days before against our "inconsistency" in supporting Mr. Adams; and, if so, what was said in the rejoinder.

For their information, in both particulars, we refer them to an article in full, taken from The Constitution of the 9th instant, to be found elsewhere in our columns to-day. We entertain too much respect for their intelligence to say a single word by way of comment upon it. A. H. S.

Atlanta Sun.]

We are perfectly satisfied to remit the question to the readers of the Sun.

In another article Mr. Stephens speaks of certain papers ascribing the defeat of Greeley to the "deep seated hate" of the North to the South, from which he dissents, and, he appears to place The Constitution in the category of such papers. We have simply to say that he has incorrectly construed us if he so classifies The Constitution.

We assigned a totally different cause among others. We thought and still think that "it was the apprehension of the evils as geographically depicted by the Radical press and speakers of a restoration of the Southern rebel sentiment to the control of the Government, that defeated Greeley. And every day confirms us in the idea.

Add to this the discouragment and dissension in the Democratic ranks caused by the persistent and vigorous abuse, misrepresentation and opposition of the few like Mr. Stephens who refused to join in any programe they did not dictate, and we have a simple and entirely satisfactory explanation of the defeat. These few predicted the failure of the Liberal movement and then worked assiduously to bring it about.

Their strength is shown in their small number. But the influence of their perpetual croaking and foreboding and disheartenment cannot be estimated. And to that is to be ascribed a supineness that otherwise could have been overcome.

That a hearty, unanimous Democratic support of the movement would have given it success we do not doubt. And if a minority of that party were able to defeat it, and give success to the enemy, we do not think that fact is either a cause of congratulation to the minority or a reason for condemning the party.

The party acted conscientiously and patriotically in its support of Mr. Greeley, and very deliberately and after full discussion. And we think in all candor and with a desire to serve the party interest, that Mr. Stephens would do well to cease his warfare on the party of which he seems to claim to be the most enlightened and sagacious member.

The Constitution With the People.

We have just received the following inclosing a list of subscribers:

——, November, 1872.

W. A. Hemphill & Co.:

Dear Sirs—Herewith I send you $—— to pay for the accoumpanying subscriptions for your excellent paper. I hope to be able to send you a larger list by the first of next year.

At this time when there is such strong efforts being made to Yankeeize the South and destroy the individuality of Southern character, we heed an able and bold exponent of the same. In The Constitution we have such and it deserves the support of those interested. Yours, etc.

Mirth.

An old farmer in New Hampshire recently killed a pig, and being asked how much it weighed, replied it did not weigh as much as he expected, and he did not expect it would.

A Boston paper asserts that they used to have a habit down on Cape Cod of sending town paupers to the Legislature, that the Commonwealth might relieve them from the expense of paying their board during the winter.

The Boston Fire and its Parallels.

The Boston like the Chicago fire made a chaos of order and created a carnival of crime. All the restraints of law seem thrown off in the license of such an appalling calamity, and the crimes of murk add deeper shades to the ruin of disaster. Amid the destruction and desolation the jackals of human wickedness revel and riot in the commission of every wrong. The by-ways pour out their thousands of paupers and human vermin to prey on the helpless and unprotected in the sudden freedom of unrestricted license. The thieves and robbers ply their predatory vocation. These miserable creatures stop not even at the commission of murder to gratify their fatal cupidity.

The scenes present indeed melancholy spectacles of the rapacity and depravity of bad mankind, and show up nature in its most hideous features.

We append a very graphic description of the fire from the Courier-Journal, to which may be added the carnival of criminal horrors to which we have referred to present the terrible reality in all its ghastly diabolism.

In no city on the continent was more attention paid to the structure of buildings and general architectural grandeur. Blocks of granite edifices stretched from street to street. Stores filled with rich silks, with costly cloths, with dazzling jewelry; venerable residences, the seats of luxury, of elegance and ease, rare libraries stored with the choicest works of literature and art, galleries decorated with exquisite paintings, the valuable collection of ages, all have rushed skyward in flame and smoke.

The fire, after getting the start seems to have leaped from building to building almost with the rapidity of lightning, wrapping within its desolating folds entire rows of buildings, and driving those who attempted to combat its progress far from any effective proximity to the scene of its havoc. The faces of firemen were blistered, blazing rafters were borne in the currents of hot air that rushed hither and thither from one part of the city to another, each carrying whizzing ruin along its track. Volumes of flames would leap hundreds of yards, and dazzling splinters mantle the midnight air luminous with a red and ghastly glare. The heat crisped every structure near the awful spot and prepared it ready for the more effective destroyer. Goods boxed up, which had collected in the stores for the want of transportation to the depots, caused by the prevalence of the ep zootic, served as ready food for the devourer. Torrents of heat sweep along avenues, almost stifling and blighting every living thing in its way. Burning cinders rushed into every by-lane and every crevice, and the houseless population looked on in horror and dismay. Merchants were unable to save any part of their goods, even after they were thrown out from windows and poured out of doors. The shrieks of women, the piteous cries of children, the sobs of the old—all mingled with the crackling sound of the flames which filled the air. Men looked on as they did at Chicago and saw the accumulations of a life's labor licked up by the red tongue of the spoiler. Persons were cut off in their flight by the pursuing blaze and were charred in the common ashes of their property.

As is always the case in such overwhelming conflagrations, the hot air ascending to the sky produces a vaccuum that must be filled by the rush of a lower current, and a hurricane of wind is made which greatly increases the intensity and violence of the flaming tempest. The sparks that speed their courses upward fall down again in fiery showers. These sheets of glowing coals, pouring upon the unprotected roofs, increase the danger and the destruction.

Greeley.

What the Late Election Indicates in His Opinion.

The general result of our late Presidential election indicates that—

I. The objections to Grant's rule originally urged by Senators Sumner, Schurz, Trumbull, etc., were forcible and well grounded. Many of the most respectable of the journals which, on either side of the Atlantic, vigorously urged the President's re-election, now insist that the abuses thus proclaimed must be acknowledged and corrected; some of them demand, in addition to the reforms specifically promised at Philadelphia, others still more radical and thorough.

II. But, where thousands admitted that the criticisms aforesaid were just, far fewer were ready to accept the only alternative presented. They say they would have supported Adams, or Davis, or Trumbull; but not Greeley. Hence the vote is quite light, even in States and districts where the contest was spirited.

III. The great mass of our people feel no sympathy for those they still regard as rebels. On the contrary, they hold that these have been treated more leniently than they deserve. The majority will tolerate, not approve, the gift of office to a Longstreet, an Akerman, a Settle, who have been baptized into the Republican church, but they are not willing that any others shall hold office where they can prevent it.

IV. Whichever party carries in October two of the three central States—Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana—is morally certain to choose the president in November. There has been no exception to this rule, save in 1824, when Jackson carried Pennsylvania and Indiana, and had a plurality of the Electors chosen, but Adams was elected by the House.

V. These two States having gone for Grant in October, not only was the contest virtually given up in the North, but thousands of the so-called rebels went over to Grant, believing this their shortest way to perfect reconstruction—that is, to secure for themselves a practical equality of rights with other citizens. Then General Kershaw, of South Carolina, at one time urged his fellow rebels to run no ticket against Grant, as this would enable them to appeal with effect for Federal sympathy as against their rascally State rulers.

VI. The Republicans have won a perilous triumph. John Randolph said that one was the best possible majority. When the old Republican party chose Mr. Monroe President with only one Elector dissenting, it dissolved and ran four candidates at the next election.

VII. Though the Democratic party broke into fragments, not one of them has distinctly proposed a return to the anti-negro policy of other days. On the contrary, the Bourbons, who urged all manner of objections to Greeley, said nothing of his devotion to equal rights regardless of color. We may fairly conclude that there will be no further formidable, systematic opposition to impartial suffrage.

VIII. There is little or no complaint from any quarter of violence or terrorism at the polls. Blacks and whites swarmed around a thousand polls, struggling zealously, but scarcely a blow was struck and no serious riot occurred. It is thus settled that white and black may vote together without a breach of the peace—"nigger" and "nigger" treating each other with forbearance and consideration.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

What O'Conor Says.—New York, November 9.—At the annual dinner given by the Mercantile Library Association last evening, Charles O'Conor delivered a speech on the progress of the reform movement in the metropolis. He couched with the sentiment "General Dix and Francis Kernan, endowed alike with integrity unquestioned and morals above reproach—they were fit rivals for high station; we trust they have inaugurated a new era in candidacy." [Applause.]

Fatal Editorial Duel.—Lafayette W. Graves, editor of the Lexington, Missouri, Intelligencer, was shot and instantly killed, recently, by Edwin Turner, publisher of the Register, in that city. Political difficulties were the cause. Turner was carried to Kansas City and placed in custody by the Sheriff for fear of violence by the citizens. There is great excitement in Lexington and further violence is apprehended.

☞ The season has been pleasant at the West. A Chicago letter says: "For two months or more we have been enjoying almost uninterrupted sunshine. Scarcely any rain has fallen in many weeks, and the beautiful, misty, dreamy days of Indian summer still stay with us as if frosts and snow were never to come."

No Room for Patriots.—The stockholders of the Patriot, Democratic, to-day resolved to suspend publication on and after next week. The material will be sold. The Patriot was in existence two years, and published at a loss of $88,000.

☞ Albert Mellet, an old St. Louisian, was married in Massachusetts last week to miss Fanny L. Gardner. Under such boundary it is eminently proper for this Gardener to devote her energies to raising melons.—*Wickedest Exchange.*

THE BURIAL OF JESUS.

BY C. JORDAN.

Dedicated to Annie M. J——n.

"And he took it down and wrapped it in linen and laid it in a sepulchre that was hewn in stone, wherein never man before was laid."—St. Luke, xxiii: 53.

I.

In the vale of Akeldama,
Where the airy acacias bloom,
Near the rippling stream of Kedron,
There lies a lonely tomb.
No man within its portals,
E'er had found a rest,
But alone it waited silently,
For the long appointed guest.

II.

A noble tomb for Jesus,
Hewn from the primal rock;
Kept through the many ages,
For him of the chosen flock.
No funeral there of brothers,
No death march of the kin;
Slowly Joseph bore him
From Calvary and the din.

III.

The morning stars were silent;
The sun withdrew his light;
The moon was robed in sadness;
Old Nature mourned the night;
Orion in his belt of stars;
Grand Arcturus with his suns;
The Polar Star and Pleiades,
The night with tremor shuns.

IV.

The lofty pines and cedars,
On Lebanon's mountain night,
List not to winds now wailing,
But look trembling at the sight.
The flowers fold their petals,
In this merry time of spring;
And tearful birds in beauty's pale,
Now fail to harp and sing.

V.

Right royal was the pageant,
As round the cross it shone;
Archangels with their legions,
In the midst the ruby throne.
By the Rock of Ages
In the Arimathean tomb,
The heavenly choirs were gathered
To scatter far the gloom.

VI.

No funeral car or banners,
No trophies of his fight
Save only tears, now crystal,
And the widow's lowly mite;
No music, save the anthem
Of souls around the throne;
No blare of trump, no charger,
No Chief but God alone.

VII.

From the garden to the temple—
From the temple to the sea—
From the sea to Nebo's mountain—
From the Mount to Eden's tree;
Thence to the courts of heaven,
Far on o'er the heavenly plain,
E'en to the holy of holies
The bright legions swept amain.

VIII.

Now halts this glorious pageant
On the heavenly plains of rest;
The throne prepared by God himself,
For the Eternal Son thrice blest.
They wait his royal coming
From that dark and silent tomb,
They wait that glorious Majesty
That gives the soul eternal bloom.

Atlanta, November 12 1872.

THE ARKANSAS OUTLAW.

An Interesting and Graphic Sketch of the Bold Osceola Disturber, Fitzpatrick.

A Remarkable Character.

[Communication in the Russellville (Ky.) Herald.]

The ruffianism that has recently spread such terror throughout Mississippi county, Arkansas, and which has furnished the press of the country so much sensational literature, suggests to the writer some interesting facts connected with the life and conduct of the generalissimo of that young rebellion. C. B. Fitzpatrick the leading spirit of this barbarous and benighted freebooting, was a classmate and companion of the writer during the years 1868 and 1869. He was then twenty-four years old, and is now twenty seven. We were fellow students at the Kentucky University, at Lexington; at the time above said Fitzpatrick was an excellent student, standing second to none in his classes in point of scholarship and regularity of attendance. He was then a fine specimen of young physical manhood; was about six feet in hight, with a splendid muscular development, his limbs knit together with sinews of iron, and his whole bodily appearance betokened great powers of endurance and the agility of an athlete. He was fine looking and free spoken. His physiognomy indicated considerable mental vigor, and indeed his career as a stupent verified the prophecies suggested by his fine features. He was a very and ready debator, scarcely surpassed in this respect by any of the eight hun ired students who matriculated in the university during that session. He possessed many of the essential prerequisites of an orator—great fluency of speech, never failing self-possession, enough histrionic instinct, and a mind considerably cultured by historic and polite literature. He was curiously fond of paradoxes of all kinds, taking especial delight in expounding and contending for all manner of herodox tenets, both in the lecture room and in the debating societies. He once delivered a very grotesque and original oration on the "Right to do Wrong." He elucidated his new philosophy with marked ability and so little humor. He was very unpopular as a society man, and was supremely indifferent to the estimate placed upon him in this particular. He was, however, much admired in the debating clubs, for he was never known to decline to make a speech, and a telling one, when called upon by the members of one of the many bodies. He invariably responded to these calls to the eminent satisfaction of his audience.

While at the university he manifested the dreadful character he now exhibits to the world with painful frequency. He is by instinct a desperado—a born bandit. He was perfectly miserable unless engaged in some exciting and tumultuous undertaking. Duels were his delight, street affrays his chosen amusements, rows of all kinds his constant source of happiness. He was a man of desperate courage, as thoroughly a stranger to fear in all its guises as any man that ever trod the earth. He was unreasonable, despotical and ungovernable.

Fitzpatrick is a native of Kentucky, and at the time of which we now write had his home in Georgetown, Kentucky. He was an officer in the Federal cavalry during our late war, and was with Wilson in his famous raid through Alabama and Georgia just at the close of the war. His whole person is covered with scars, some the trophies of battle, others the relics of shooting and stabbing affrays. The writer has heard him boast of the quantity of lead he carried in his body, and has seen many of his cherished scars.

During his turbulent career at the university an incident occurred under the writer's observation, which illustrates the character of the man. He was a member of the "Cecropian Literary and Debating Society." He, of course, tried to rule this dignified and intellectual body, and his overbearing disposition soon drove him, either by public expulsion or a forced resignation to leave the society. He severed his connection with the body and became its bitterest foe. One evening during an interesting discussion, "Fitz" strode in and took a conspicuous seat, becoming the "observed of all observers," for we at once saw that a terrible storm was brewing. Some imprudent youth impulsively called on "Fitz" for a speech, and he yielded to the demand thus made, in one of the most remarkable oratorical productions of the times. He took a position in the rear of the large hall, immediately in front of a huge pillar reaching from floor to ceiling, and delivered himself of all the bitterness, spleen and abuse that had been flooding his bruised spirit since his exit as a member. His whole speech was a diatribe of withering denunciations against the society as a body, some individuals, and more particularly the urbane President. He lashed the latter until forbearance really became a crime, and then the presiding officer declared the house adjourned, and made a violent rush for our hero, with his mace as his only weapon. The whole excited society rushed toward the disputants, but he was equal to the emergency, and being heavily armed, succeeded in leaving the house unscathed. A challenge followed, Fitzpatrick sending the card to the President, which was declined, for reasons other than the cowardice of the challenger, for he was a man of courage. Failing in this, Fitzpatrick procured two pistols and two bowie knives and proceeded to the rooms of M. C., the President, walked in, found Mr. C. and two other gentlemen in the room, quietly walked up to a table and laid his armament upon it, took his stand by the fireplace, and commandingly said: "Mr. C., I'm here to have a settlement with you; there are two pistols and two knives, take any one, take any two, take any three of them, or take the whole dd bunch—and let's get to work." The prompt and determined interference of several friends alone arrested a bloody murder. Several other such frescoes chequered the college life of this now renowned bandit.

After Fitzpatrick graduated in the Law Department of the University in 1869, he went direct to Arkansas. He instantly entered politics as a most uncompromising Radical, on the carpet-bag platform. He was fresh from the lecture room, but despite these facts was soon made Circuit Judge. He was distinguished for lawlessness of mind as well as of disposition, and his record as the wearer of the ermine is not peculiarly happy. He subsequently filled the position of Commonwealth's Attorney in his old district. Recently has been the commander of one of the most bold and terrible gang of robbers and plunderers that ever inflicted modern society. His genius conceived and his wonderful daring executed some of the most high-handed and revolting outrages ever perpetrated in any country. This is strange history for a young fellow who has not yet completed his twenty-eighth year, and whose talents and endowments, if properly directed, would surely lean to eminence or usefulness.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

A Pardon by the President.

Gold Discovered in Virginia.

Kryanowski Goes to New Orleans.

Mail Service on North and South Railroad in Georgia.

Episcopal Minister Poisoned by his Wife and Daughter.

Death of Lewis Downing.

The Selma Fair.

English Sympathy for Boston.

Insurances Losses.

Suspended Companies.

The Feeling in Boston.

Disasters at Sea.

Financial and Commercial.

Associated Press Dispatches.]

WASHINGTON.

A PRISONER PARDONED.

Washington, November 12.—The President has pardoned Appleton O. M. Smith who was taken to Fort Warren in 1861, it being alleged that as a ship agent in New York, he had aided in fitting out vessels, and engaged in the shoe trade. From the Fort he was transfered to the Boston jail and while legal proceedings were pending he escaped, and ever since he has been a fugitive. About a year ago a paper was signed by a large number of gentlemen asking the President to pardon him accompanied by documents tending to show his innocence of the charge.

The presence of auriferous metals in Virginia in the neighborhood of the Potomac, Rappahannock and other streams, as well as at the foot of the hills of the Blue Ridge, has long been known, but the location of a permanent quartz mine or reef has not been thoroughly demonstrated until lately. For a year past parties of experience have been engaged in developing a mine near Kelley's Ford, five miles from Rappahannock Station, in the neighborhood of a well known placer of deposits. They have found a series of well defined gold bearing veins located in a mine three quarters of a mile from the river. The surface rock of decomposed quartz bears a strict resemblance to the ore taken out in the richest districts of California. A shaft eighty feet deep cuts three veins at the depth of fifteen, forty-five and seventy-five feet, yielding rock worth from $80 00 to $100 00 per ton. The deposit seems to be a basin of veins showing free gold with carbonates and not sulphates. Three tunnels are now being worked through rich rock and everything gives evidence of permanency.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue estimates the receipts of the present fiscal year at 105,000,000 or 30,000,000 less than last year. With a natural increase of 3 per cent the receipts of the first quarter were larger than those subsequently collected, being accumulations on account of past indebtedness and other causes. So far as the Bureau is aware both the tobacco and the spirit interests are very well satisfied with the late law and therefore there is no reason to believe that any modification of it will be recommended unless in the manner of administration and reorganization of the districts, in order to render the system more compact, and to reduce the expenses; nor is it probable the tariff act will undergo any material changes.

Sheridan is here.

The Meade obsequiers have returned.

The Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, after consultation with New York merchants, thinks there will be no panic or material interference of the business of the country by the Boston fire.

General Kryzanowski, who as Supervisor of Internal Revenue of Georgia fell into trouble, has been appointed Special Treasury Agent, with headquarters at New Orleans.

Mail service has been ordered on the North and South railroad between Columbus and Hamilton, Georgia.

PROBABILITIES.

On the lower lakes and thence over New England and the upper Ohio valley and the Middle States, cool clearing and clear weather and northwesterly winds in the Southern Atlantic States. Rising Barometer clear weather and northerly winds in the gulf States south westerly winds with partly cloudy weather becoming threatening, with light rain on the western gulf. To-morrow the Barometer will fall in the northwest and on the upper lakes and thence to Indiana and the lower Ohio valley with cloudy weather and occasional rain to-morrow.

NEW YORK.

FAILURES—EXPRESS CAR BURNT—APPOINTMENT—FRAUD, ETC.

New York, November 12.—The suspension of R. H. Herrick and A. E. Long was announced to-day, on Wall street, in addition to Trent & Co., Stewart & Matthison, H. C. Cross, M. G. Rieck, E. D. Dibble and W. T. Henderson last evening. None of them are large firms.

One of the Adams Express cars was burned at Newark this morning. The contents, consisting of $40,000 worth of silks, furs, etc., were totally destroyed.

Wall street is more quiet to-day, and marked by the entire absence of excitement. Specie engagements for to-morrow amount to a million and a half.

Supreme Court to-day appointed J. Kade as Receiver of the International Insurance Company.

The cashier of the Gold Exchange Bank is defaulter to the amount of $15,000.

OHIO.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

Cincinnati, November 12.—Two new boilers in Brown, Bonnell & Co's rolling mill, at Youngston, exploded, killing two and wounding three.

ALABAMA.

THE FAIR.

Selma, November 12.—The first day of the Fair was a grand success. Large crowd on the ground. Hon. Robert Toombs telegraphs that he will reach Selma to-morrow and will speak on Thursday.

NORTH CAROLINA.

PURCHASE AS EPISCOPAL MINISTER.

Raleigh, November 12.—The coroner's jury rendered a verdict to-day in the case of Rev. Dr. J. Brinton Smith, supposed to have been poisoned by his family on the first of October. The jury found that the deceased, J. Brinton Smith, came to his death on the morning of the first day of October, 1872, from the effects of strychnine mixed in a dose of soluble powders, administered by Frances L. Mann, and that Mary E. Smith was the custodian of the key of the closet in which was found a vial of said poisonous drug. Mrs. Mann is the daughter and Mrs. Smith the wife of the deceased. Dr. Smith was an Episcopal clergyman and President of St. Augustine College of this city. The affair has caused great excitement, as all the parties held high social positions. Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Mann were committed to the county jail this evening. Application will be made by their counsel for release on a writ of h a b e a s c o r p u s.

The sentiment of the community is divided as to the guilt of the parties. The stomach and brains of the deceased were examined by Dr. Smith, of Philadelphia, upon whose professional opinion the jury rendered their verdict.

PENNSYLVANIA.

OIL REFINERY BURNED.

Pittsburg, November 12.—The Citizens' Oil Refinery with three hundred barrels of refined oil, was burned.

Harrisburg, November 12.—Wm. Merredith was elected President of the Constitutional Convention.

MISSOURI

INDIAN CHIEF DEAD.

St. Louis, November 12.—A dispatch from Fort Gibson says Lewis Downing, principal Chief of the Cherokee nation, died at Tallequah on Saturday last.

SPAIN.

CARLISTS ON THE BORDER.

Madrid, November 12.—Bands of Carlists have appeared in the Province of Biscay and are committing depredations.

The Minister of Colonies will soon introduce a bill in Cortes authorizing the enforcement of the Spanish penal code in Cuba and Porto Rico.

FRANCE.

THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

Paris, November 12.—The National Assembly to-day re-elected M. Grevy President by 463 to 43.

General Chanzy has resigned the chairmanship of the Left Centre on account of military duties.

A new political combination in the Assembly is rumored.

The Left Centre is reported to be meditating a rupture with the extreme Left and a fusion with the Right Centre.

SWITZERLAND.

ELECTIONS IN SWITZERLAND.

Geneva, November 12.—The elections for the Grand Council took place last Sunday. The action of the government removing Mermillod from his Bishopric and forbidding him to exercise his Episcopal functions within the Diocese, was made a test question. The government was sustained by a vote of 8,900 against 1,500.

ENGLAND.

London, November 12.—Steamship Helvetia, which sailed from New York on October 23d for London, encountered severe weather when nearing the English coast on Friday last. While off Portland, her machinery broke. She succeeded, however, in reaching the Isle of Wight, where she became unmanagable and drifted rapidly towards the French coast. As Cherbourg came in sight, the anxiety of the officer became very great. They were unable to gain control over the steamer's movements, and were in danger of being driven on shore. When within a hundred miles of Cherbourg, they threw up rockets and made other signals of distress, but they were not noticed on the shore.

Fortunately the wind changed, and the steamer began to run before it down the channel. The steamer Ethel came to her assistance, and while trying to give her a tow ran into a boat which had been launched by the Helvetia. The boat was crushed to pieces. One man was killed and two injured. The Helvetia was finally towed into Falmouth, arriving there to-day.

All the London morning papers express their deepest sympathy for the sufferers by the conflagration in Boston. They attribute the great disaster to the bad management of the fire department, police and municipal authorities of the city.

The Standard says that the Boston fire is a scandalous outrage on civilization, and evidence of a most inefficient city government. By way of showing the superiority in cases like that of the Boston fire of a small, well-ort ganized fire department over a large but badly managed one, it compares the small London fire brigade and narrow and crooked streets and alleys of this city, where fires seldom get beyond buildings wherein they originate, to the thousands of undisciplined firemen and huge granite structures and open streets in Boston. Then it says the best portion of the city was destroyed for want of good management to prevent the progress of the flames, which were finally stopped by gunpowder, and this wretched business was entrusted to volunteer citizens instead of skilled operators. It is believed here that the amount of insurance in London companies upon property in the burnt district of Boston is $9,500,000. A commissioner is to be sent to Boston by the London companies to make an investigation of facts in relation to the origin and progress of the conflagration, as a matter of general importance to the insurance interests.

The Norwegian bark Dogma, which sailed from New York for Queenstown for orders, October 19th, was abandoned at sea on the 8th instant in a sinking condition. The crew was rescued by the officers and crew of the steamship Idaho, after much difficulty, by means of life boats, and landed at Queenstown last evening.

A dispatch from Hong Kong says the telegraphic cables between that city and Shanghair has ceased to work. The cause of the interruption is unkpown.

MIDNIGHT DISPTCHES.

NEW YORK.

HORSE MALADY.

Poughkeepsie, November 12—The depots on the Hudson River Railroad are filled with freight from lack of horses. The malady is spreading—many deaths.

INSURANCE LOSSES BY BOSTON FIRE.

New York, November 12.—The Spectator furnishes the following estimates of the losses of Massachusetts insurance companies: American, Boston, $1,000,000; Bay State, Worcester, $200,000; Boston, $1,000,000, suspended; Boylston, Boston, $200,000, suspended; City, Boston, $1,200,000, suspended; Equitable, Provincetown, suspended; Mechanics' Mutual, $1,200,000; Massachusetts Mutual, $1,200,000; Merchants' and Farmers' $300,000; Quincy Mutual, $400,000; Union Mutual, $1,200,000.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, November 12.—No feeling of despondency in Boston, but the disposition every where manifested by business men are to meet their reverses manfully and confront them. At the meeting of the Shoe and Leather Association to-day, John Cummings, President of the committee was appointed to secure from the city guardsfield the Fort Hill property, now vacant of buildings, on which to erect ware houses and resume business.

At a meeting of the Board of Relief, Governor Perham, of Maine, was present and tendered the sympathy of that State with offers of aid. Numerous other cheering reports were made. Naylor & Co., of Liverpool, sent in a check for $5,000 through their Boston house; Jordan, March & Co. donated $10,000, through Chief Damerell, for the benefit of the firemen.

It is understood that Postmaster Bert is endeavoring to make some arrangement with the Trustees of Old South Church to allow it to be used as an office until the office on Devonshire street is completed.

Many of the dry goods houses burned out have already opened in new quarters—among them Ordway, Bridget & Co., who will pay the liabilities in full and recommence immediately.

The following insurance companies have suspended:

Exchange, Boston, $250,000; Faneuil Hall, Boston; Firemen's, Boston, $50,000; First National, Worcester, $2,500,000; Gloucester; Howard, Boston; Lawrence, Boston, $1,500,000; Merchants', Boston, $2,000,000; National, Boston; Neptune, Boston, $1,000,000; People's, Worcester, $500,000; Prescott, Boston; Shoe and Leather Dealers', Boston; Springfield, $250,000; Suffolk, Boston, $1,000,000; Washington, Boston, $1,000,000; Dorchester Mutual, $140,000.

The following official statement in regard to Boston banks was forwarded to-day to Secretary Boutwell at Washington:

Seven banks were burned out by the fire. All have recovered their cash assets and will immediately resume business. I have met the Presidents of the leading banks to-day. All agree that the total loss will not exceed half of their overplus of $12,000,000. An excellent feeling prevails.

[Signed.] Jno. J. Knox,
Comptroller of Currency.

All quiet to-night. A strong military patrol guards all the approaches to the burnt district. The city is still in darkness, the gas not having been let on. The weather thick and rain falling.

The only bank that failed to settle at the clearing house to-day was the Freeman's. The bonds, gold and money of this bank were found in the safe all right, but the notes were destroyed, this caused a temporary suspension. The bank will resume business at noon to-day.

Telegraphic Markets.

New York, November 12.—Cotton firm; uplands 19; Orleans 19¼; sales 3,557 bales.

Cotton—net receipts to-day 828 bales; gross 2,348.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day 13,700 bales, as follows: November, 18¼a 18⅝. December, 18⅛a18⅝. January, 18⅛a18⅝. February, 18 9-16a18⅝. March, 18⅛a18⅝. April, 19a19⅛. May, 19 3-16a19⅜.

Flour more active but unchanged. Whisky quiet at 96½. Wheat irregular and un

The Daily Constitution.

Democratic Municipal Ticket.

FOR MAYOR:
C. C. HAMMOCK.

FOR ALDERMEN:

First Ward—JOHN F. MORRIS, WM. H. BROTHERTON.

Second Ward—N. A. McLENDON, G. T. DODD.

Third Ward—R. C. YOUNG, D. A. BEATIE.

Fourth Ward—J. H. MCCASLIN, J. W. SPARKS.

Fifth Ward—F. P. RICE, J. H. GOLDSMITH.

Sixth Ward—D. MCDUFFIE, J. M. BORING.

Seventh Ward—J. C. MCMILLAN, J. N. LANGSTON.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1872.

For Retrenchment and Reform.

At a meeting of the Democratic candidates nominated for Mayor and Aldermen on Saturday, 26th inst., held to-night, the following was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That it is our earnest determination as the nominated candidates for Mayor and Aldermen of the Democratic party of Atlanta, if elected to office, to economize as far as possible in public expenditures, and pledge ourselves to restrict disbursements as far as practicable within the bounds of current receipts. Our motto is *re-trenchment and reform* in all departments of the municipal government.

In token of our hearty indorsement, we affix our names.

C. C. HAMMOCK,

John F. Morris, W. H. Brotherton,
G. T. Dodd, N. A. McLendon,
D. A. Beatie, R. C. Young,
J. H. Mccaslin, J. W. Sparks,
F. P. Rice, J. H. Goldsmith,
J. M. Boring, D. A. McDuffie,
J. C. McMillan, J. N. Langston.

October 26, 1872.

THE LONDON STORE, MARIETTA STREET. In order to affect changes $50,000 stock will be pushed for 60 days. Plain marked figures as black alpacas at 25c., worth 35c. Eclipse. One hundred dozen stockings at 10c., worth 15c. Ladies belts 10c. One hundred French corsets 75c. worth $1 25. Towels 10c., ayshire 75c. Seventy-five dozen buggies worth $1, for 50c. Great value in ladies hose for 10c. Cloth mantles commencing at $3. Every article is marked for quick selling. Gents shirts for $1, worth $1 75.

The changes in the millinery department have doubled its former trade.

The rooms constantly crowded.

For samples address box 988 nov6-2w

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Mayson has an auction sale of furniture to-morrow.

Bell & Goldsmith sells two residence lots this afternoon.

Grand sale of jewelry at Mayson's to-day.

C C Hammock will sell a house and lot, and three vacant lots on Yonge street next Saturday.

Fine line of furniture, for sale cheap at The Emporium.

See notice of Howe Sewing Machine.

W D Brown is an independent candidate for Sheriff.

Read the advertisement of T M & R C Clarke.

See estray notice of Judge Webster, Ordinary of DeKalb county.

See estray notice by J T Cooper.

See legal notice by Judge Nolan, Ordinary of Henry county.

Wallace & Fowler will sell to-morrow afternoon a four room cottage on Forest Avenue.

POSSUMS are coming in slowly.

DUCKS have made their appearance.

FISH IN MARKET.—Most of them smelt!

RAILROAD depots crowded with freight.

GREAT rush for Japanese goods last night

COTTON quiet at 5 o'clock yesterday after noon at 16¼a 16¾. Receipts 100 bales.

GOOD milch cows are in demand in Atlanta.

THE sale of reserved seats for Mrs. Bowers' performances commenced yesterday.

BRISK demand yesterday for boots and shoes.

BARNUM'S Great Show will exhibit in Atlanta on Friday, December 6th.

A FEMALE COLLEGE is to be organized at Stone Mountain next Saturday.

A LADY residing at Green Bay, Wisconsin, has ordered a set of pearls from Mr Lawshe.

THE foundation for St. Phillip's Episcopal Church is being laid.

THE grand sale of first-class jewelry begins at Mayson's this morning.

MAYSON has an extensive sale at auction of furniture, etc., Thursday morning.

GEORGE PAYNE (col.) has been arrested for playing a game called three card monte.

THOMPSON has fine Florida mullets and Norfolk oysters.

ANDERSON & WELLS packed several bales of cotton yesterday evening in front of their store.

THERE was quite a number of guest at the National Hotel last night.

REMEMBER the sale of a four-room cottage on Forest Avenue by Wallace & Fowler to-morrow evening.

CAPTAIN W. J. AKERS sends off another hundred men to Texas to-night. They go to work on Railroads.

THE Alabama Agricultural and Mechanical Association hold a Fair at Montgomery, commencing on the 18th and ending on the 24th.

SEVERAL young clerks about the City Hall are suffering from an attack of matrimonial fever. They have got the confluent type.

WE learn that Professor C. W. Lane, of Milledgeville, has been called to take charge of the Presbyterian Church in Athens.

CURBING is being laid, and a pavement made on Line street, from Peachtree to Pryor, along side of Messrs Thomas M. Clarke & Co.'s store.

THE big sale and barbecue comes off at Blooming Hill to day at 1 o'clock P. M. Let everybody attend. Candidates better be on hand.

GROUND is being broken on Mr. Rice's lot, one of the First Methodist Church lots, on Peachtree street, above Terhune's, for a building.

JAPAN GOODS.—Do not forget the sale of this beautiful goods this moring. Ladies especially invited.

A DOG was sent out of town a few days ago to be taken care of. In a day or two he was back at home, although he had to walk twenty miles to get back.

PROFESSOR W. H. WADDELL, of Athens, was in the city on yesterday en route to Albany for the purpose of attending the Presbytery of the Presbyterian Church, which meets in Albany to-night.

C. C. HAMMOCK, Real Estate Agent, will sell at action on the premises, on Saturday next, at 3 o'clock P. M., one house and lot and three vacant lots on Yonge street; this is good property. Read advertisement and attend the sale

J. J. FORD'S CARRIAGE FACTORY.—On Pryor street, and nearly opposite the ground upon which the old government stables were located, is very nearly completed. It is really ornamental to that section of the city.

ELEGANT FURNITURE.—The Emporium at the corner of Peachtree and Marietta streets, is filled with one of the largest and finest lines of furniture ever seen here. And then, again, it is sold cheap. There is no excuse for not having good and nice furniture when you can get it so cheap. There is a perfect rush for the furniture.

1873 comes in on Wednesday and goes out on Wednesday. February, March and November begin on Saturday; June on Sunday; September and December on Monday; April and July on Tuesday; January and October on Wednesday; May on Thursday; and August on Friday.

A WITTY lady residing in the suburbs of Atlanta played a practical joke on a distinguished Georgian a few days since. She quartered and split the skin of a turnip just like she would an orange, without taking it off. In this situation it resembled a magnolia very much—so much so that she palmed it off on him as the fruit of the magnolia.

FIRST WARD.—There will be a meeting of the First Ward Democratic club at E. E. Lee Eagle House on Castleberry's Hill to-night at 8 o'clock P. M. A full attendance is desired, as business of importance is to be transacted. By order of the Committee,

J. G. MITCHELL, President.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire between ten and eleven o'clock last night, was caused by the burning of the Fertiliser Factory of Glenn & Wright, near Oglethorpe Park. The fire companies did not go to it, it being out of the fire limits. We could not ascertain the origin, but it must evidently have been the work of an incendiary.

REAL ESTATE.—Messrs. Bell & Goldsmith sold four lots on Marietta street yesterday afternoon at very good prices. One was purchased by Mr J N George for $1,600. It had a house on it. Dr Asher bought two lots—one having a house on it. One lot brought $1,605, and the other $1,800. A vacant lot was sold to Mr J F Morris for $1,530.

THE ESPECIALLY HAPPY—

"I rode on the sky,
Quite undestified I!
And the moon hit was under my feet."

The white and colored Radicals, we learn, are to have another meeting on Friday night. We suppose for glorication purposes of some kind.

AMONG other articles exhibited in the list of Japanese goods, is what is termed a sensitive plant. You place it in your left hand; if you have no temper it moves not; if you have temper it moves accordingly. A well known gentleman tried it, and the plant jumped clear out of his hand. The proprietor of the goods remarked: "You have von debble of a temper."

THE RURAL SOUTHERNER.—The November number of the Rural Southerner is brimfull of excellent matter. Its pages teem with interesting and valuable articles, original and selected. Mr. A. C. Van Epps, the editor, is a forcible and practical writer—no mere theorist. His editorial conduct of the Southerner is most excellent and commendable. It is published by J. Ben. Wilson, for $1 per annum.

NOTWITHSTANDING the bad streets, the little feet of many pretty girls patted along the sidewalks of many of the streets yesterday afternoon, and the light of their azure eyes almost gave to the clouds a blaze of summer glory. Many male pedestrians forgot they were on the earth, and looked at their backs in search of wings, and found there only—only—the foreman calls for copy and we can't finish.

REAL ESTATE SALES.—Colonel G.W. Adair will sell at three o'clock this evening a beautiful residence lot on Wheat street, next to Judge Fitzpatrick, and a beautiful residence lot on Spring street, next to G. W. D. Cooke. These are Gilt Edge.

Bell & Goldsmith will sell this afternoon two fine residence lots on the corner of Baker and Harden streets

See sales by Wallace & Fowler.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.—The following telegram was received from Gen. Johnston:

"Mr. Pell telegraphs Insurance in burnt districts One Million Six Hundred and Thirty-nine Thousand. He is authorized to draw on Company in Liverpool for losses. "J. R. JOHNSTON,
General Agent."

The assets of the company are still over $19,000,000.

THOMAS M. CLARKE & Co.—We invite attention to the advertisement of the above firm. The house was established in Atlanta in 1854, and by integrity and business tact has developed a large trade. Their three story building, on the corner of Line and Peachtree streets, is one of the handsomest in the city. They are large importers and jobbers of hardware, iron, steel, nails, etc. They were pioneers in direct importation, if we mistake not. Their stock is one of the heaviest and completest ever brought to the Gate City. We take pleasure in commending the house to our readers.

The Courts.

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT.

The case of the State vs Cicero H. Morris for larceny after trust occupied the whole day yesterday. At the hour of adjournment Solicitor General J. T. Glenn had concluded his opening argument for the State. The defendants represented by Colonel L. E. Bleckley, General L. J. Gartrell and A. B. Culberson Mr. Morris is charged with selling the Howe Sewing Machines and converting the money to his own use.

JUSTICE BUTT'S COURT.

Justice Butt yesterday required Cohen Yancey (colored) to give bond to answer the charge of bastardy.

MUNICIPAL NOMINEES.—The Democratic candidate for Mayor, C. C. Hammock, is a real estate agent

The candidates for Aldermen stand: J F Morris, grocer; W H Brotherton, dry goods merchant; N A McLendon, real estate dealer; G T Dodd, grocer and commission merchant; R C Young, stone cutter; D A Beatie, livery stable; J H Mccaslin, merchant; J W Sparks, butcher; F P Rice, lumber merchant; J H Goldsmith, bank officer; D A McDuffie, plasterer; J M Boring, physician; J C McMillan, grocer; J N Langston, grocer.

It will be seen that real estate, groceries, dry goods stone cutters, plasterers, livery stables, butchers, lumber dealers, bank officers and physicians are represented.

The two independent candidates for Mayor belong to the legal fraternity.

Of the five or six independent candidates for Aldermen, one is a hatter, three are contractors and builders, one a lager beer manufacturer, and one a barkeeper.

MRS. D. P. BOWERS.—There is no better proof that Mrs. Bowers has completely established herself in the favor of the lovers of the drama in Augusta than the crowded house she has drawn nightly since her first appearance.

The evening entertainment commenced with the romantic drama. "The Lady of Lyons." Often have our citizens seen this play put upon the stage, but we are confident that they have never seen it better rendered than it was last evening. As the scheming woman. "Lady Audley," the vain and proud "Queen Elizabeth," and the unfortunate captive, "Mary Stuart," had been rendered by Mrs. Bowers with such fidelity and the wonderful versatility of her genius had been so well demonstrated, the audience expected much of her "Pauline." Nor were they disappointed. The conflicting emotions of the heroine, her surprise, her indignation when discovering that her husband was not what he had seemed, but, above all, her infinite tenderness and love, were rendered with consummate skill. In the closing scene of this beautiful and touching drama, Mrs Bowers' acting surpassed even her grand personations of Mary and Elizabeth, and when the act closed, a spontaneous burst of applause arose from the audience and continued until Mrs. Bowers appeared before the curtain in acknowledgement of the compliment.—*Augusta Constitutionalist.*

Municipal Election in 1870.

At the request of several we give the vote in 1870 for Mayor and Aldermen:

FIRST WARD.

For Mayor—Alexander, Dem		601
	Hammond, Ind	583
Aldermen—Wells, Dem		612
	Cassin, Dem	676
	Mullin, Rep	481
	Rauschenberg, Rep	428
SECOND WARD.		
For Mayor—Hammond		988
	Alexander	379
Aldermen—Lowry, Dem		331
	McLendon, Dem	349
	Evans, Rep	197
	West, Ind	54
THIRD WARD.		
For Mayor—Hammond		563
	Alexander	345
Alderman—Buice, Dem		235
	Grubb, Rep	267
	Graham, col	253
	Thompson, Ind	239
FOURTH WARD.		
For Mayor—Alexander		365
	Hammond	366
Alderman—Mccaslin, Dem		449
	Wright, Dem	438
	Finch, col	421
	Sayder, Rep	426
FIFTH WARD.		
For Mayor—Alexander		776
	Hammond	813
Aldermen—Rice, Dem		670
	Fowler, Dem	698
	Harris, Rep	428
	McHenry, col	334
Total vote for Hammond		3,954
Total vote for Alexander		3,096
Hammond's majority		858
Total Radical vote		1,806

The Democrats had a majority of 858, but the vote for Hammond elected him and four Radical Aldermen.

COTTON FOR FUTURE DELIVERY.—The quotation of cotton for future delivery appearing daily in our telegraphic market reports is not generally understood by our general readers.

A transaction can now be consummated in one day that fifteen years ago would have required at least one month, and of such a character as at that time would have been utterly impracticable to have carried out at all. One hundred years ago it would take the entire population of this country to have performed the business now daily transacted in New York alone. The American Grocer Justly says that by the way of steam and electricity, in their various applications to annihilate space and time, the entire civilized world is as much to-day one community as the city of London was a hundred years ago. The cotton planter to-day in the remotest portion of the South knows the value of his product in the growing market of the world—the spinner, even, in point of time, before the man who made the price; and, by the click of the telegraph, can order the sale of his entire crop, down while it is yet growing in the field.

Among the new methods of conducting business none seem to have taken its place quicker than that of the system of trading in cotton by means of contracts for future delivery, first introduced during the late war. It has already reached such gigantic proportions as to be hardly second to the Clearing House system in banking. That it furnishes more or less of the objections sometimes urged against dealing in the stock and gold exchanges cannot be denied, but there is this marked difference in favor of this system. The question of the supply and demand of cotton is not entirely beyond human calculation. The regions in which cotton is produced for the market are perfectly defined, and their capacity and existing circumstances may be ascertained. The spinning capacity of the world's machinery is also a matter of almost exact knowledge.

The statistics of the present stocks, the past course of the market, the past production and consumption, and all other matters relating to the great controlling staple of the world, are all known with great exactness, and to the intelligent speculator there is a wonderful fascination in the study of figures. We would not, however, advise any of our readers who have a good business now, to give it up in order to place themselves under the influence of the fascination.

Local and Business Notices.

THE Largest and Cheapest Stock of Furniture is at the "Emporium," Marietta and Peachtree streets. Buyers can save ten per cent. nov13-d1m

STILL ANOTHER ONE ADDED TO THE LIST! The Howe Sewing Machine has just been awarded the highest premium by the Washington, Georgia, Fair Association. The Howe has taken more premiums this year than all Machines combined.

Look out for the list. It will be published in a few days. nov13-d2t

GOOD DORCAS had many to weep at her death, but how many more if she had made coats and garments for the poor with a "Domestic" sewing machine. Examine it for yourself, at No. 4 DeGive's Opera House. nov10-d1w

BUYING a sewing machine is not a thing to be done every day, hence the folly of purchasing a sewing machine without first looking at the "Domestic." You cannot judge which is best without seeing the "Domestic." The "Domestic" has fifty points of superiority, and sixteen over all other family shuttle machines combined. The "Domestic" Sewing Machine Company are glad to be called upon to prove their claim, 4 DeGive's Opera House. nov10-d1w

THE Oak Hall Clothing House, No. 41 Whitehall street, has received an entire new stock, the latest designs, in Ready-made Clothing, which, in prices, styles and quality, cannot fail to give perfect satisfaction; and gentlemen who desire to avail themselves of the opportunity to get bargains, which we shall offer during this week in the above line, will find it to their interest to give M. & J. Hirsch a call before making their purchases elsewhere. nov10-3t

IT is useless to enumerate every article, or any article in particular. Suffice it to say that at M. & J. Hirsch's well known establishment, "The Oak Hall Clothing House," No. 41 Whitehall street, you can find everything wanted to complete a gentleman's toilet; and you can procure a perfect outfit, from top to bottom. nov10-3t

"POLITENESS TO THE LADIES."—Our exertions and ambition, as Dry Goods Merchants, is fully compensated, from the fact that we have achieved a *reputation* for politeness, which is certainly a credit to our establishment, and a deserved compliment for our untiring labor in catering for the public taste.

Ladies will be very politely welcomed to the "New York Store."

STEINHEIMER BROS.,
nov10-3t No. 39 Whitehall st.

"IN A BLAZE."—The "New York Store" is brilliantly illuminated with the very latest sensation in colors of elegant Dress Goods of all descriptions; in connection with which can be found those reliable brands of Black Alapacas, "Buffalo," "Mary Stuart," and A. T. Stuart's latest importation; and the "Abyssinian Lustres," undoubtedly the most elegant alapaca in the United States.

STEINHEIMER BROS.,
nov10-3t 39 Whitehall St.

BE it remembered that Redwine & Fox are still the Agents for the Grand Gift Lottery, to be drawn December 25th, at Stephens, Ala., the profits of which go toward the erection of a suitable cemetery and monument over the remains of Confederate soldiers killed in the late war. It is worth your while to invest in an enterprise which will commemorate the deeds of the gallant dead, and perhaps "put money in thy purse." Tickets, $5. nov1-dtf

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.—Our pamphlet copies of the Decisions of the last term of the Supreme Court are now ready and are being sent out. Send in orders at once. This will insure the receipt of the Decisions at the earliest possible moment. Pamphlets, $1 00 per copy.

OLD PAPERS! OLD PAPERS!—For sale at CONSTITUTION OFFICE in bundles of 100 copies each for convenience of customers. $1 per hundred. tf

MISSION SABBATH SCHOOL SONG BOOKS, containing each 100 popular songs and selections prepared expressly for Mission Schools Price Five Cents per Book.
Apply at THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
sept1-dtf W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,

INKS! INKS! INKS!—We have just received a lot of News and Job Inks. The latter is put up in 5 and 10 lb. cans. Publishers will send in their orders at once if they want to get a good article.
nov 5 tf

EISEMAN & BRO.,
Tailors and Clothiers,
56 Whitehall street,
Atlanta, Ga.
Washington, D. C., 513 Seventh street; 220 Ninth street.
sep21-dtf

Announcements.

Messrs. Editors: Please announce that I will be a candidate for Sheriff of Fulton county, at the ensuing election, January 1st, 1873, and will endeavor (if elected) to appoint such Deputies as will be acceptable to the whole people of the county.
nov13—dtc W. D. BROWN.

Citizens' Ticket.

FOR MAYOR:
D. F. HAMMOND,

FOR ALDERMEN:

FIRST WARD.
JOHN A. DOANE, JOHN F. MORRIS.

SECOND WARD.
N. A. McLENDON, G. T. DODD.

THIRD WARD.
D. A. BEATIE, R. C. YOUNG.

FOURTH WARD.
J. H. MCCASLIN, J. C. PECK.

FIFTH WARD.
J. A. HAYDEN, J. H. GOLDSMITH.

SIXTH WARD.
W. G. GRANLING, Dr. IGO. M. BORING.

SEVENTH WARD.
J. C. MCMILLAN, D. FECHTER.

The above Ticket will be supported by
nov13—dtc MANY CITIZENS.

T. Stobo Farrow for Mayor.

Recent developments having made it apparent that the candidacy for Mayor will not be restricted to party nomination (as evidenced by one independent candidate having been announced in advance of the Democratic nomination, and by the widespread and outspoken dissatisfaction at the manner in which the nomination for Mayor is being conducted) the friends of Col. T. Stobo Farrow respectfully announce him as a Democratic Candidate for Mayor in the approaching election. MANY CITIZENS.
oct25—dtde

For the Mayoralty.

ATLANTA, GA., October 26th, 1872.

Upon the solicitation of several prominent citizens, by written petition and personal application, I announce myself an independent candidate for Mayor at the approaching election. If elected I will zealously support all measures of the public money that is not demanded by an imperious necessity. I will use all my efforts to bring back the City Government to a strict economy in its administration, and place speedy discharge of its matured obligations. I will aid, to the extent of the power conferred on me, in a faithful Board of Education. Election by the General Assembly in January, 1873. nov1-dtd

Colonel Wm. F. Magill will be a candidate for election to the office of Comptroller General, subject to Democratic nomination. sept6-dtn

Thompson Allen, Esq., is a candidate for Comptroller General, subject to the control of the Democratic party. Election by General Assembly in January, 1873. sep7-dtf

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

We are authorized to announce Mr. John A. Crawford, of Alleen, Ga., as a candidate for Secretary of State, subject to the Democratic nomination. oct27-td

THE

Atlanta Constitution

DEMOCRATIC,

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

—OF—

The State of Georgia.

Published at the Capital of Georgia.

A NEWSPAPER FOR ALL CLASSES.

Merchants, Lawyers, Mechanics and others.

CONTAINS FULL REPORTS OF

Legislative Proceedings.

—ALSO—

Full Supreme Court Reports

—AND—

DECISIONS.

CAPTAIN HENRY JACKSON, Reporter of the Court, being *exclusively* engaged by THE CONSTITUTION. *Every Lawyer* in Georgia should take it on this account.

NEWS AND TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES

From all quarters of the Globe, including

MARKETS—DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN.

The Correspondence Department

IS A SPECIALTY.

Letters from Washington,

Political, Literary and Fashion Letters.

No citizen of Georgia should be without the

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE, published at the Capital, the fountain head of Political and General Intelligence.

No family should be without the LOCAL PAPER and *OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE GOVERNMENT*, issued at the Capital.

TERMS:

Daily, per annum	$10 00
Daily, six months	5 00
Daily, three months	2 50
Weekly, one year	2 00
Weekly, six months	1 00
Clubs of Ten	15 00

And paper to the getter up.

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R. Y. CLARKE.....Co-Editor.
J. T. LUMPKIN.....News Editor.
W. G. WHIDBY.....Local Editor
W. A. HEMPHILL....Business Manager.

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W. A. HEMPHILL R. Y. CLARKE

On all matters other than business address

EDITORS OF THE CONSTITUTION. On business, address

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,
jan18—dtf ATLANTA, GA.

STEPHENS & FLYNN

FORSYTH STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND OFFER TO THE TRADE AT LOW FIGURES

150 Bushels Choice Seed Rye,	250 Bushels Choice Seed Barley.
2,500 Bushels Yellow Winter Oats,	2,000 Bushels Black Winter Oats.
14,000 Bushels White and Mixed Oats,	100 Bushels Choice Timothy Seed.

ALSO,

New Orleans Sugars, Whiskies, Vinegar, Irish Potatoes, Apples, Onions, and are receiving daily, large quantities of

Choice Butter, Fresh Corn Meal

—AND—

DRESSED TURKEYS AND CHICKENS,

Have now in transit, from Cape Cod, 800 Half Barrels and 1,000 Kits Mackerel, 100 Half Barrels and 200 Kits Herrings, which we want to sell on arrival, and will put at low prices to Dealers.

—FLOUR—

Are Agents for the Celebrated Flour made by J. M. VEACH & CO., said to be the VERY BEST offered to the Trade, and have now in store a full supply of

Super, Extra, Family, Extra Family and Fancy

In 98, 49 and 24 pound sacks.

ALSO, 1,000 barrels various other brands, "R. S. Lee," "Graves Mills," "Dunn & Bowers," "Kaylor's," and are receiving the product of several Tennessee Mills, all of which we are directed to sell low.

HOWARD LIME, CEMENT, ETC., ETC.

Will keep during the winter, heavy stocks of

Bulk Meats and Lard,

shipped to direct by packets, which will be sold low by car load or otherwise, loose or packed.

Live Hogs Bought and Shipped on Orders.

500 Bales Hay and ten car loads Ear Corn in store.

STEPHENS & FLYNN.

Atlanta, Georgia, June 9, 1872.—nov1-dtf

ROBT. DOHME,

(For a Long Time Associated with Leading Jewelry Firms of Atlanta,)

RESPECTFULLY SOLICITS PATRONAGE AT HIS NEW STORE, No. 5 PEACHTREE STREET,

Opposite National Hotel.

A full stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, DIAMONDS, SILVER and SILVER-PLATED WARE, CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, &c., will be offered at LOW PRICES. All goods warranted as represented, or money refunded.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING.

I have in my employ Mr. HUGH FERGUSON, well known to our citizens as a Practical Watch Maker. All work entrusted to him will be carefully executed, and satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Engraving Neatly Executed.

oct27—d3m

United States Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, Frank W. Hall, the following case, to-wit:

Frank W. Hall versus The Yahoola River and Cane Creek Hydraulic Hose Mining Company.

I have levied upon, as the property of The Yahoola River and Cane Creek Hydraulic Hose Mining Company, the following described property, viz:

Lands in the twelfth district of the late section of originally Cherokee, now Lumpkin county, as follows:

Lots numbers 1,062, 1,198, 1,151 and 1,052, each containing forty acres; lot number 980 (except the mines and minerals) also containing forty acres. The north half (except the buildings and 5 acres) of lot number 928. The mineral interest or all mines and minerals, with the privilege of working the same in lots number 981, 982, 709 and 921, and all of lots number 747 and 794, that lie north of a line drawn twenty feet north of the north bank of Crane Creek, following the main channel as it runs through said lots.

Lands in the eleventh district, same section and county, as follows:

Lot number 1,136 (except the mineral interest) The west half of lot number 1,107. Two acres of lot number 1,127, including the mill shoal and mill yard and location, and all pine timber within the right of cutting and removing it) on lots numbers 904, 905 and 909.

Leasehold estates, all in the twelfth district, same section and county, as follows:

Leasehold in ten acres of lot number 926, comprehending the privilege of working the gold surface and deposits until exhausted; leasehold in lot number 1,078, comprehending the right to work it for gold till exhausted, with free use of the requisite water and timber; leasehold in lots numbers 951, 952, 953, 999 and 1,044, comprehending the right of mining for gold and other minerals till exhausted; leasehold in lots 749, 754 758, 757, 758, 823, 1 019 and 1 075, comprehending the right of working their surface and deposit mines till exhausted, with requisite rights of way, wood and water; leasehold in lot number 1,056, and an undivided half of all that part of lot number 1,034, which lies north of the old tan-yard road, running through said lot near the branch, comprehending the right to work said lands for gold and other minerals; leasehold in lots numbers 1,056, 1,027 and 1,079, comprehending the right to work them for gold and other minerals till exhausted, with free use of the requisite timber and water; leasehold in lot number 1,024, comprehending the right to work it for gold and other valuable minerals till exhausted, with free use of water and timber for mining purposes; leasehold in in northeast corner, containing twelve acres, more or less, of lot number 904, comprehending the right of mining for gold and other metals till exhausted; also, the twenty stamp pounding mill with the machinery and fixtures appertaining to the same, situated on the above lot number 1,023, and two dwelling houses, barns, Blacksmith's shop and other outbuildings on said lot; also, the Yahoola canal, situated in said county of Lumpkin, and used to convey water for mining purposes from the Yahoola river to the neighborhood of Dahlonega, being about twenty miles in length and completed in part of ditches, in part of iron pipe, in part of flumes and trestle work, together with all the rights of way for said canal, and all privileges of timber, water, rock and earth appertaining thereto, and will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in December next,

between the lawful hours of sale.

Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, November 2, 1872.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
United States Marshal.

nov6-dcaw3t

Fulton County Sheriff's Sales for December, 1872.

WILL be sold on the premises, known as the old Krier Brewery, situated in the Southwestern portion of the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in December next, within the legal hours of sale the following property, to-wit:

181 half barrels, 85 quarter barrels, 29 hogsheads, 2 liquor barrels, 18 5-inch plank, 20 feet long, 50 bushels of corn, one set cooper's tools, one 1-horse wagon, one 3-horse wagon, one work bench and vice, one iron pump and fifty feet of rubber hose, one fire kettle, one handle hand iron, 3 screws, one bag full rivits, one grind stone, 3 shovels and half bushel measure; levied on as the property of George C. Spencer and George Lellis, to satisfy fi fa issued from a mortgage fi fa, issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of John Rice and J. C. Kimball, Assignee vs George C. Spencer and George Lellis, security. This October 19th, 1872.

A framed dwelling-house, twelve by sixteen feet, situated on a lot fronting on Yonge street, between Fair and Hunter streets, in the 3d Ward of the city of Atlanta. Levied on as the property of John Rankin by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa, issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of D. C. Town, send & Co. vs. John Rankin. Property pointed out in fi fa. October 4, 1872.

Also, at the same time and place, one iron safe of the Herring patent, one Diebold & Kinzie's iron safe, two fifty-foot side show cases, two small side show cases, six ten foot counter cases, six ten foot marble trimmed tables, three eight foot counter show cases, five eight foot tables, two upright show cases, frames covered with Brussels carpet, one Howard & Co.'s Regulator, four solid silver pitchers, eleven silver cups, two silver dippers, three small silver pitchers, fifty five (55) cases of silver ware, containing from one to three and a half dozen pieces each, six sets of gold pins and ear rings, five pearl sets, one pearl breast pin, six coral sets, one cameo set, eight dozen diamond spectacles, eight dozen steel frame spectacles, six dozen eye glasses, ten pair of silver framed eye glasses, two sets of gold jewelry, one set of pearl and gold jewelry; levied on as the property of George Sharp, Jr., and R. B. Floyd, to satisfy fi fa and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa, issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Caroline A. Floyd vs. Sharp & Floyd. Property pointed out by R. B. October 4, 1872.

A. M. PERKERSON, Deputy Sheriff.
oct18,4dtc Printer's fee $2 25 per levy.

Administrator's Sale.

WILL BE SOLD on the First Tuesday in December next, before the Court House door in Decatur, DeKalb county, Georgia, under an order of Court of Ordinary of said county, the following described property of the estate of Thomas Hutcheson, deceased, to-wit: One half interest in mill seat and land consisting of 1000 acres of Lot No. 220, House Lot No. 191 containing 202½ acres, and thirty acres of Lot No. 193, containing 30 acres, the balance being seven more or less, about one hundred and thirty acres cleared, the balance in woods and well timbered, good dwelling house and outhouses, a good bearing orchard, a well of good water, which springs on the place and several streams of water running through the farm. Sold for the benefit of the heirs and for distribution. One-half cash, the balance on twelve month's credit.

G. B. HUDSON, Administrator.
oct2-td30 (Printer's fee $12)

Georgia, Fulton County.

Ordinary's Office, October 7, 1872.

WHEREAS, J. C. Wells, administrator of the estate of D. H. Wells, late of said county, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged his trust.

All persons concerned, are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary.
oct16—w6m Printer's fee $5 25

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, September 5, 1872.

LEMUEL DEAN, administrator, on the estate of Lemuel H. Dean, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged his said trust, and applies for letters of dismission.

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in December next, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary.
sep7—w6m Printer's fee $5 25

FOR SALE OR RENT—A desirable 200 acre Farm of Stone Mountain, 16 miles from Atlanta. 25 daily trains. Address FARMER,
nov12—2t3 Lithonia, Ga.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

ALL OVER THE WORLD!

Just received before going to Press via Submarine Cable. Latest Telegraphic News. News of Great Importance via Paris, London and Liverpool, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and all the principal cities East of the Metropolis. Our friend

E. BLOCK,

From 45 Peachtree street is coming. The late French War with Germany is over. NO HUMBUG. For all particulars inquire of our friend, E. BLOCK, just returned from the best Importing places from a voyage of ninety-five days, yielding the Principal Manufacturing Importer and Exclusive Jobbing House, therefore we politely invite to call, young and old—entrance free—and examine his stock of Dress Goods, which

Must be Sold in 30 Days

from date, without regard to cost. No Humbug.

READ! READ! READ!

SELLING OFF

My Entire Stock of Dress Goods.

French Merino, worth $1.
Selling price with us only 49 Cents.
French Merino, worth $1, selling at 68 Cents.

Owing to a contemplated change I will sell the above goods to make room for our latest style of French stock of Fancy Goods and large stock of the latest

Importation of Millinery Goods,

too numerous to mention.

A SALES LADY WANTED for thirty days.

Again we politely invite our friends and customers and thanking them for past favors, Respectfully,

E. BLOCK,

45 Peachtree Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Known as the French Millinery and Manufacturer of SUN BONNETS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

P. S.—The greatest Novelty of the Season, subject to a patent, THE BEAUTY OF THE BEUTIES which I am the special agent for all over the United States. Only take orders by the case, containing 12 dozen. Also offer them at our retail store in Atlanta, Georgia, the great improvement of the period,

THE CASHMERE SKIRT.

Every lady in Atlanta and vicinity is invited to call and convince herself, as I guarantee fast colors. One Price Only. Quick sales and Small Profits.

oct6—d1m

Important to Planters.

AS THE time for sowing wheat is at hand we wish to call the attention of planters to the importance of using good Fertilizers, such as

Reese & Co.'s Soluble Pacific, the Patapsco and Chesapeake Guanos,

all well known throughout the State.

We keep always on hand a fresh supply of the above named Fertilizers. Also, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER, all sold on favorable terms.

Call and see our list of over 1,000 names of good planters who bought from us last season, and are bringing in daily the most favorable reports.

ADAIR & BROTHERS, Agents.
oct6—d1m Atlanta, Ga.

$64,260

Kentucky State Lottery.

Legalized by an act of the Legislature.

Most Liberal Lottery ever Drawn. Only 7,140 Tickets and 3,080 Prizes

To be drawn, Nov. 30th, 1872, in Covington, Ky

One Capital Prize of $25,000.

1 Prize of	$5,000	12 Prizes of	$250
1 Prize of	2,150	20 Prizes of	50
1 Prize of	1,000	400 Prizes of	25
2 Prizes of	500	2,640 Prizes of	6
3,080 Prizes, amounting to			$64,260

Tickets, $10. Halves, $5. Quarters, $2.

Our Lotteries are chartered by the State, and drawn at the time named, under the supervision of sworn Commissioners.

The drawings will be published in the New York Commercial Advertiser papers.

We will draw a similar scheme the last Saturday of every month during the years 1872 and 1873.

Orders can be sent by Express Money Order, Registered Letter, Draft or Express.

Send for a circular.

Address SMITH, SIMMONS & CO.,
Box 587, Covington, Ky.
oct31—3tues-thur-sat-d4wly

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

Western & Atlantic R. R. Co.,

OFFICE MASTER TRANSPORTATION,

ATLANTA, Ga., November 6, 1872.

ON and after Sunday, 10th instant, NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN, Inward, will run as follows:

Leave Chattanooga	5 30 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	1 10 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN, (Inward.)

Leave Chattanooga	1 50 A M
Arrive in Atlanta	9 15 A M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Dalton	8 00 A M
Arrive in Atlan

The Daily Constitution.

REST.

BY FATHER RYAN.

My feet are wearied—and my hands are tired—
My soul oppressed;
And with desire hath long desired
Rest—only Rest.

'Tis hard to toil—when toil is almost vain
In barren ways;
'Tis hard to sow—and never garner grain
In harvest days.

The burden of my days is hard to bear—
But God knows best;
And I have prayed—but vain has been my prayer.
For Rest—sweet Rest.

'Tis hard to plant in spring—and never reap
The autumn yield;
'Tis hard to till—and when 'tis tilled to weep
O'er fruitless field.

And so I cry, a weak and human cry,
So bas't oppressed;
And so I sigh a weak and human sigh
For rest—for Rest.

My way has wound across the desert years,
And cares infest
My path, and through the flowing of hot tears
I pine for Rest.

'Twas always so; when still a child I laid
On mother's breast
My wearied little head; e'en then I prayed,
As now, for Rest.

And I am restless still; 'twill soon be o'er;
For, down the West,
Life's sun is setting, and I see the shore
Where I shall Rest.

Army of Northern Virginia.

Interesting Speeches and Ceremonies—A Happy Reunion in Richmond, Virginia,

From the Richmond Dispatch.]

The Senate Hall was crowded to its utmost capacity last night by the soldiers of Lee, while the gallery was filled with the noble women who ministered to the "boys in gray" during the days of war, and were present to smile upon the survivors.

It was pleasant to see in the garb of quiet citizens so many of the men who won the imperishable fame of our grand old army, and to witness their cordial greeting.

As General Early, General Fitz Lee, and others of our leaders entered the hall they were greeted with loud applause.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Minnigerode.

General Fitz Lee called the meeting to order, expressing his deep sense of the honor done him in being called to preside over the survivors of our noble army, who must decrease in number every year, but whom he hoped would meet each year as long as one survived.

He regretted that General Gordon had been prevented by sickness in his family from being present and making his promised address, but took great pleasure in introducing a gallant soldier, Colonel Joseph Mayo, who had, at the last moment, consented to address the meeting.

He eloquently eulogized the Southern soldier, told the story of his noble deeds, and defended him from the charge of having been a "rebel," so freely made by the conqueror and the newly-fledged "loyalist," who, in eager search for office, has deserted our ranks. He ably urged that brute force can never settle great principles, and that we may calmly and gracefully await the verdict of impartial history for a full vindication of the purity of our motives and our conduct during the great struggle. He quoted from Mr. Everett's oration at Gettysburg, and ably and scathingly refuted its positions.

Colonel Mayo was received with applause, and gracefully introduced his subject.

He eloquently argued that just as the "rebel" George Washington is now recognized in England as one of the noblest of his race, so the day will come when even upon the floor of Congress the character of Lee and Jackson will be vindicated, and their side position assigned them.

After Colonel Mayo's address General Early was called out, and was greeted with the loudest applause. He regretted, notwithstanding the eloquent speech of the gallant Colonel Mayo, the absence of the distinguished soldier from Georgia (General Gordon,) who has always been ready to obey every call of duty.

If he were to say all that he felt about this Army of Northern Virginia, he did not know how many books he would write.

The history of that army has been made, and is yet to be written. Some say we must forget the deeds of that army; but we are not going to forget them.

Success is no criterion by which history will judge, and we must not suffer it to be so in our case.

If the Army of Northern Virginia had done nothing but give to the world Lee and Jackson, it would be entitled to everlasting gratitude.

The survivors of the army should furnish the material from which in the future the history shall be so written that men will be proud to be descendants of soldiers who fought in the Army of Northern Virginia, and have not deserted to the enemy since the war.

He thought that the private soldier who fought the war through and has been true to his colors since is entitled to higher honor than any who had rank and office, and he wanted their names preserved.

He deemed it of the highest obligation that we should honor our great leader by erecting here in Richmond the proposed monument, and by decorating the tomb of Lee at Lexington. He insisted that our first duty is to place at the tomb of Lee the sarcophagus now in course of preparation by our accomplished Virginia artist, Valentine.

He offered a series of resolutions cordially indorsing every scheme to honor General Lee, but commending the work at Lexington as now the most pressing and first to be done and recommending the ladies of the South to make collections for the object on the approaching anniversary of General Lee's birth.

General Early earnestly advocated the resolutions, and took his seat amidst the applause with which he was frequently interrupted during his address.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected: President, General Fitz Lee, Vice-Presidents, General Ed. Johnson, General J. A. Early; Treasurer, Major Robert Stiles; Secretary, Sergeant George L. Christian; Executive Committee, General W. H. Payne, Sergeant J. V. L. McCreery, Lieutenant John E. Lawton, Major W. K. Martin, Colonel Thomas H. Carter.

The following letter was read from President Jefferson Davis:

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 21, 1872.

General Fitz Lee:

MY DEAR SIR—I regret that it will not be practicable for me to be present at the annual meeting of the soldiers and sailors of Virginia.

Proud of their deeds, and ever confident of the justice of the cause for which they battled with so much gallantry, fortitude and patriotism, I am glad that the survivors are annually to assemble and keep green in their memory the events in which they acted.

With sincere regard and esteem, I am your friend, JEFFERSON DAVIS.

In response to calls, Colonel Withers and Colonel Baldwin gracefully excused themselves, and General W. H. Payne made an eloquent speech.

The association appointed the Secretary, George L. Christian, to receive funds for the sarcophagus, and requested all soldiers in the city to leave a contribution with him.

The meeting was enthusiastic, and considered a grand success.

DR. HARRISON'S LECTURE.

Some of the Comment it is Eliciting.

From the Macon Enterprise.]

Dr. Harrison's lecture on spiritualism has attracted wide interest.

We have carefully read the reports of it, furnished by the Atlanta papers. We think we understand our excellent friend, and we are sure that he is not without the most extraordinary physical experiences. But when he refers the so-called wonderful mysteries to a power in nature, which nobody understands—though it may be dubbed "Od," or "Odit force"—he must see that he does a very unsatisfactory thing—a thing that anybody might do—without his learning and gravity. To say that the peculiar manifestations of so-called spiritualism are wrought by an unknown force in nature, is simply to beg the question.

But this "force of Od," is no new discovery, nor is its application new to the matter in hand. Discovered by Baron Reichenbach, who was by somnolous capable of defining it, and who called it "Od," in honor of the Scandinavian Odin, it has never been accepted by science as a definite power on which to try conclusions. But we do not offer a criticism on Dr. Harrison's lecture, since we heard it not, and can only judge of it by short newspaper reports, which, taken down hurriedly, may ill-represent what the speaker really said indeed. We may say this, however, that we have long since concluded for ourself, that spiritualism cannot be explained on the "Odilitic hypothesis," for it is easy to say that that force is spirit, and no scientist could say nay.

Leading Notices.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, rough skin, pimples, ringworm, salt-rheum, and other cutaneous affections cured, and the skin made soft and smooth, by using the Juniper Tar Soap, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Be certain to get the Juniper Tar Soap, as there are many worthless imitations made with common tar. nov12-d&w12w

THE PUREST AND SWEETEST COD-LIVER OIL is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the seashore, from fresh, selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. nov12-d&w12w

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, oct3—dly New York.

$1,000 Reward is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for a medicine that will equal it in the cure of Bronchitis, severe Coughs, and the early stages of Consumption. nov12—deod1w&w1t

THE HOWE Sewing Machine was awarded the premium for the best machine with the best attachments which has been disputed by some of our jealous competitors. We invite all who are in doubt to call at the Howe office and see for themselves. THE HOWE MACHINE CO. oct20-d&w1m

SPOTTED LIKE DOMINOES.—The teeth soon become specked if every defilement is not removed from them every twenty-four hours. To do this effectually there is nothing like SOZODONT. It literally renders the enamel impervious and indestructible. nov12—deod1w&w1t

DR. TUTT'S HAIR DYE is superseding all other Hair colorings. It is extensively used both in Europe and America. nov13—d1w&w1t

THE KEY TO HEALTH.—It is the easiest thing in the world to lose the blessing of health, but when lost it is not so easy to regain it. The popular idea of fifty years ago that a tremendous scouring of the bowels was an essential element of cure in almost all diseases has fortunately for mankind been pretty effectually exploded. The introduction of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, nearly a quarter of a century ago, may be said to have given the *coup de grace* to drastic purgation. The world has learned from the beneficial effects produced by that admirable preparation, that one medicine may embrace the three properties of a tonic, a laxative, and an alterative; that the three curative processes of invigoration, purification and regulation may be compassed at the same time by the operation of a single agreeable remedy. There are sound, philosophical reasons for the remarkable improvement which the Bitters occasion in the condition of a deranged and enfeebled system. This pure combination of vegetable juices not only strengthens the stomach, stimulates the appetite and braces the nerves, but also imparts tone and vigor to the secretory organs—as the skin, the liver, and the kidneys—and if the blood has become too thin and watery to nourish the body properly, enriches and vitalizes that "raw material" of the solid portions of the frame. At this period of the year, when intermittent fevers, bilious disorders, stomach complaints, and dysenteric and diarrhoeic ailments are always more or less rife, occasional doses of the Bitters will be found the best safeguard against the atmospheric conditions which generate them. An accession of general vigor is necessary to enable the system to resist the morbid influence of the malarious vapors which rise from the earth at this season, and of all the known invigorants Hostetter's Bitters is the safest and the most potent. nov12—deodlw&w1t

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Annual Fair

—OF THE—

AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL

Association of Georgia,

Will Commence at their Fair Grounds at Savannah, Georgia,

Monday, December 2, 1872,

AND CONTINUE SIX DAYS.

The Central Railroad passes by the grounds.

No FEE WILL BE CHARGED FOR ENTERING OR EXHIBITING GOODS.

For Premium Lists or information, address

S. H. ROTHELL, Secretary, Savannah, Georgia. oct30—d1m

AGENTS WANTED.

The Master Spirits of the World,

—AND—

THE TREASURE HOUSE OF AMERICA.

THE GREAT BOOK OF THE YEAR.

AGENTS report sales of 20 to 100 copies in a few hours or days. Pamphlets Free. Address J. W. GODDARD, New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans. sept8—3m yrd&wly

SOUTHERN

TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

TERRA COTTA WORKS

—SUCH AS—

Window Caps,

Enrichments for Cornice, such as

BRACKETS, MEDALLION,

and everything in the Architectural line. Also,

CHIMNEY TOPS, VASES,

Flower Pots, Statuary, Etc., Etc.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

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from 3 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, boring decoupes, shell &c. Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.

may21—dly PELLEGRINI & GIORGI.

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THE most Valuable Property on Pryor street—SOUTH AND LOT. Also, Vacant Lot. Both well located with Street cars. Only ten minutes walk from Depot. Apply to PERRY MORGAN, 14 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga. sept8—dtf Residence corner

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.20 o'clock	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	8.30	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.40	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	6.50	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.15	P. M
Leaves Atlanta	8.15	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.40	A. M
Arrives at Augusta	6.50	A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	6 45	P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	8 03	A. M
Arrives Atlanta	10 00	A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	7	P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	8.30	A M
Leaves Macon	8.15	P M
Arrives at Atlanta	7.40	P M
Arrives at Macon	7.05	P M

NIGHT PASSENGER AND FREIGHT—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	8.00	P M
Leaves Macon	8.00	P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4.10	A M
Arrives at Macon	9.30	A M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	9.30	P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	6.35	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8.30	A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4.37	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4.35	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.15	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	1.00	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	9.15	A. M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta	4.15	P. M
Arrives at Dalton	9.46	P. M

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN FROM DALTON.

Leaves Dalton	6.00	A M
Arrives in Atlanta	1.25	P M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at	8.45	P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	3.30	P. M.
Arrive at Savannah	8.35	A. M.

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	7.15	A. M.
Arrive at Kingston	8.30	A. M.
Leave Kingston	1.30	P. M.
Arrive at Rome	3.05	P. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	8.30	P. M.
Arrive at Kingston	10.00	P. M.
Leave Kingston	1.30	P. M.
Arrive at Rome	3.05	P. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	9.30 A M	9.30 P M
Arrive Chattanooga	4.37 P M	4.37 A M
Arrive Nashville	12.50 A M	1.05 P M
Arrive McKenzie	8.30 A M	8.30 P M
Arrive Memphis	8.10 P M	8.05 A M
Arrive Little Rock		6.30 P M
Arrive Hickman	12.39 P M	12.27 A M
Arrive Union City	10.39 A M	10.00 P M
Arrive Columbus	12.00 noon	12.00 m'd't
Arrive St. Louis	10.15 P M	9.30 A M
Arrive Louisville	7.30 A M	7.30 P M

ALBERT B. WRENN, Southeast Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin	1.00	P M
Arrives at Newnan	2 45	P M
Leaves Newnan	7 00	A M
Arrives at Griffin	8.47	A M

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	6	A M
Arrives at West-Point	11 45	A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West-Point	2 25	P M
Arrives at Atlanta	7 50	P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 05	P M
Arrives at West-Point	11 50	P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	3 40	A M
Arrives at Atlanta	8 18	A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Atlanta	6 00	A M
Arrive at End of Track	11 22	A M
Leaves End of Track	2 00	P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7 27	P M

CUMMING AND DULUTH

HACK LINE.

J. W. JAMES & CO., are now running, for the accommodation of the traveling public, a good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and making close connection with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad. Leave Cain's Hotel at Cumming, at 12 M., and arrives at Duluth at 5 o'clock, P. M., in time for the down train to Atlanta. Leaves Duluth at 9 o'clock in the morning and arrives at Cain's Hotel in Cumming, at 1 o'clock, to dinner.

Careful drivers. Terms modern sept1—dtf

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A COMFORTABLE 8-ROOM COTTAGE on Pryor street, second door South of Peters. Lot 49 by 120 feet. Price $6,000.

oct26-d1m T. W. McARTHUR.

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FOR SALE.

THE House and Lot on corner of Hunter and Forsyth streets, known as the Waddell property, is for sale.

The lot is 90 feet square and the house is a two-story BRICK, containing tenrooms, suitable, from its location and build, for a

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THOMAS DAILY, of Chattanooga, Tennessee, or JAMES R. WYLIE, Atlanta, Ga. oct15—d1m

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sept27-d3m—fri-sat-sun

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AFTER October 1st, I will remove to No. 3 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I trust to see all my old customers and many new ones.

Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano.

Send 75 cents for the handsomest and most extensive Illustrated Catalogue ever published in the South. Money will be refunded to all who purchase goods amounting to Ten Dollars.

MARK W. JOHNSON, DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta Street. After October 1st, 1872, sep19— 1m

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WHOLESALE and Retail Grocer and Dealer in Provisions generally. Also, wholesale dealer in all kinds of Liquors, Wines, Cigars Tobaccos, etc. Barrelled and bottled Cider, Scotch, English, Irish and Scotch Ales and Porters, etc., etc. In fact a general Variety Store too numerous to mention one hundredth part my stock. Orders solicited.

All orders from the city and country accompanied with the cash or undoubted reference, will have my special, most lowest and prompt attention.

Terms cash. PETER LYNCH.

NOTICE.

ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 28, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given to the subscribers to the Capital Stock of the

"Citizens' Bank of Georgia,"

that a meeting for organization and election of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Republic Life Insurance Company, in the city of Atlanta, on Saturday, the ninth day of November next, at three o'clock, P. M.

T. L. MOTT,
W. C. HORRELL,
oct30—d5t Commissioners.

J. W. & J. R. HIGHTOWER,

SUCCESSORS TO

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PROPOSE to continue the Livery and stock business in Griffin, at the old stand, near the passenger depot. They propose to keep in the Livery line as fine and fancy stock, and as superb and fast a vehicles in the country affords, and will be pleased to serve the friends and the public at all times, and by giving their personal attention to their customers, guarantee satisfaction.

Will keep always on hand stock for sale. Gentlemen can rely on getting good serviceable horses and mules. Terms cash. may21—dly

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HAS still Forty Rooms left, family furnished for the season. Terms, $1 per day. For circulars address the proprietor, at the Rome and Kennesaw Railroad Depot, or the Kennesaw House, Marietta, Ga. H. C. GILES & FERRIS, Proprietors. oct1—dtf

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Be Deceived, but for coughs, colds, sore throat, hoarseness and bronchial difficulties, use only

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

Worthless imitations are on the market, but the only scientific preparation of Carbolic Acid for Lung diseases in which chemically combined with other well known remedies, as these TABLETS, and all parties are cautioned against using any other.

In all cases of irritation of the mucous membranes these TABLETS should be freely used, their cleansing and healing properties are astonishing.

Be warned, never neglect a cold, it is easily cured in its incipient state, when it becomes chronic the cure is exceedingly difficult, use Wells' Carbolic Tablets as a specific.

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TO THE WORKING CLASS.—Male or female—$66 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of goods to start with sent free by mail. Address, with 6 cent return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 16 Courtlandt street, New York.

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THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY have business connections with all the principal ports of China and Japan, and Import their Teas direct from place of growth, thus saving the consumer from 5 to 8 profits. It is now about 12 years since the Company was organized—and it has been a splendid success from the very first. This was due to the fact that we imported and sold only

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ODORLESS, NON-POISONOUS

Deodorizer and Disinfectant.

Has been used with great success in Canada, Detroit, Buffalo, Rochester, and other places in the prevailing

HORSE EPIDEMIC.

Sprinkling the Floors and stables, washing the Mangers, and decomposing the poisonous exhalations from the manure and urine when sprinkled with it.

For decomposing and destroying all bad Odors and Gases, as well as germs of disease and septic particles in the air—thrown off by the sick animal.

For purifying the Air the animal breathes by hanging clothes wet with it near his stall, so that he will not breathe over and over again foul air.

To sponge and syringe the nostrils and mouth, check the acrid poisonous discharges, heal all ulcers and sores.

It prevents the spread of the disease by completely cleansing the mouth and purifying the breath.

Horses like it while they turn away from the smell of Carbolic Acid which is poisonous and irritating to inflamed mucous surfaces.

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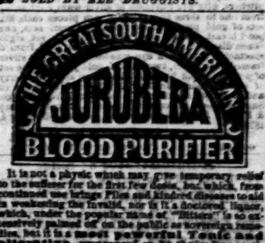
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



It is not a physic which may give temporary relief to the sufferer for the first few doses, but which, progressing to the lethal Pills and Kindred diseases to aid it overwhelming the invalid, nor is it a doctored liquor which, under the popular name of "Bitters" is so extensively palmed off on the public as wonderful inventions, but it is a most powerful Tonic and alterative, prepared as by the rules of the most noted authorities of London and Paris, and has been used and by the regular physicians of other countries with wonderful results. Ask your druggist for it.

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

retains all the medical virtues peculiar to the plant and must be taken as a permanent curative Agent.

If there exist a section in your LOWER BOWEL, or Urinary Organs, or disease of the blood manifesting itself by boils, carbuncles, or producing scrofulous or pasty diseases, Dyspepsia, Pulmonary Complaints, Fever and Ague, etc.

Take JURUBEBA to cleanse, purify and restore the vitiated blood to healthy action.

Have you a dry, hacking cough? Use JURUBEBA. Is your digestive powers out of the system is debilitated with fear of vital force, poverty of the blood, general debility, nervousness or melancholy.

Take it to restore digestion, vitality or action, it will impart youthful vigor to the weary sufferer.

Have you a torpidity of the LIVER? You are a victim of Chronic Diarrhoea or the dreaded Indian scourge of the Bowels.

Take it to allay irritation and ward off diarrhoea to which you are liable.

Have you weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You must procure instant relief or you are liable to be carried to your long home.

Take it to strengthen organic weakness or life becomes a burden.

Finally it should be frequently taken to keep the system in perfect health or you are subservient to grave, dangerous and fatal diseases.

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sep12— 3m&d&w

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All orders from the city and country accompanied with the cash or undoubted reference, will have my special, most lowest and prompt attention.

Terms cash. PETER LYNCH.

NOTICE.

ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 28, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given to the subscribers to the Capital Stock of the

"Citizens' Bank of Georgia,"

that a meeting for organization and election of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Republic Life Insurance Company, in the city of Atlanta, on Saturday, the ninth day of November next, at three o'clock, P. M.

T. L. MOTT,
W. C. HORRELL,
oct30—d5t Commissioners.

J. W. & J. R. HIGHTOWER,

SUCCESSORS TO

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Will keep always on hand stock for sale. Gentlemen can rely on getting good serviceable horses and mules. Terms cash. may21—dly

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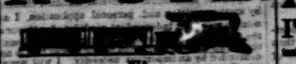

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